

Gettysburg Compiler.

98TH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1916

NO. 48

SHORT SESSION OF COURT

\$10 FINE AND COSTS FOR ASSAULT IN Gesticulating HAND

Geo. A. McClellan Resigns as Tipstaff and Moses Bair is Appointed in His Place.

On Monday President Judge D. P. McPherson and Associate Judges W. Howard Dicks and E. P. Miller held court at which the following business was disposed of:

Dr. E. D. Hudson plead guilty to the charge of assault and battery preferred against him by Orville Riley. The latter was not hurt and the Dr. said it had not been his intention to assault him. They were in an argument over a horse. Mr. Riley insisted the animal was sound and that he would put up \$1000 against Dr. Hudson's judgment as to the soundness of the horse, and when Dr. Hudson wanted to take the bet and gesticulated in declaring that Riley should put up or shut up, he said his open hand struck Mr. Riley. The Commonwealth and Court were satisfied with a nominal sentence and Dr. Hudson was sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 and the costs and his total bill was about \$35.00.

John Miller having violated his parole and returned to the county, was in court and the sentence on the charge of assault and battery matter was again suspended and he was placed on parole and directed to get employment at Waynesboro where he had been previously employed or elsewhere and pay costs of prosecution and he was directed when he came to Gettysburg on a visit to go to his home and be a good and obedient boy.

George A. McClellan handed his resignation as tipstaff to the Court after a service of twenty years and Moses E. Bair was appointed tipstaff to fill vacancy, his service to begin August 20, 1916.

The report of the commissioner in the divorce proceedings of Elia A. Sentz vs. Ernest R. Sentz, in which a divorce was recommended on the ground of desertion, the Court took the papers and will file decree later.

Capt. Calvin Gilbert presented petition asking for correction of sale of Maria Shultz property on Seminary Ridge. He had bought property but sale had been returned as made to C. K. Gilbert. Correction was authorized.

Citizens' Trust Company of Gettysburg was discharged as trustee of fund for use of Wm. Otterbein Slaybaugh, under will of Howard H. Slaybaugh, late of Butler township. The son for whose benefit trust was ordered having died, the balance of estate was distributed to the other heirs.

C. Jacob Weidner was discharged as executor of will of Mary Thomas, late of Tyrone township. Citizens Trust Company of Gettysburg was discharged as guardian of Wm. G. Rupp, a minor child of Carl M. Rupp, late of Gettysburg, the estate having been paid to minor now of age.

The first and final account of Wm. R. Snyder, executor of the last will and testament of Cornelius C. Stough, late of New Oxford borough was confirmed after the exceptions to the account had been withdrawn.

An order was made for the sale of the real estate of F. M. Morrison, consisting of three tracts of land, more particularly described in an advertisement in another column. The order of sale was directed to G. D. Morrison as trustee to make the sale and the bond in \$5000 was approved.

Distribution of proceeds of sheriff's sale of real estate of Leah and Ellisworth King was confirmed.

An order of sale was granted to Wm. Hersh, assignee of Henry V. Rahn of Berwick township to sell assigned real estate.

The Court handed down a venire for 22 grand jurors and 38 petit jurors for the August Court.

Successful Chautauqua.

Chautauqua for 1916 has come and gone with its recreational message for the summer days, and proved to be without any exaggeration as inspirational and entertaining as it had been announced it would be. Chautauqua opened as scheduled on Friday afternoon of last week and in the evening pictures were shown of those who had a part in the parade.

The lectures of the week were of the highest class. Dr. Lincoln Wirt in the "Conquest of the Arctic," thrilled the audience with the recital of his many personal experiences in the frozen North, and before proceeding with his talk told the people that he must speak the thought uppermost in his mind, that outside of the historic history of this place, Gettysburg was endowed with such a wealth of natural beauty making it one of the most beautiful places in the world.

Dr. Thomas E. Green on Monday evening delivered an earnest address against armament of the nations, his subject being "The Burden of Nations." He condemned the attacks made upon President Wilson and his efforts to keep peace and declared, "If it is in the power of man to keep the United States from war Woodrow Wilson will do it."

On Wednesday evening Dr. J. Leonard Levy brought his message of "America the Chosen Nation," as the exponent of liberty and human rights and eloquently portrayed how this country has lived up to her duties.

Choir Boys, Rosani, Victor's Band, Schubert String Quartet, morality play "Happiness," The Strollers Quartet, Bijou Trio, to the best entertaining feature, "The Mikado," was of the highest grade and thoroughly enjoyed by the Gettysburg audience.

Superintendent Cook presented during the week a series of lectures on "Literary Hearstons," that greatly pleased our people, as also Mrs. Montha Keeler's talk on "City Struck."

JUNIOR CHAUTAUQUA.

The Junior Chautauqua was enjoyed by 115 of our boys and girls and they had a jolly good time each morning with games, dancing, stunts of tumbling, pyramid work, human bridge work. A model town was conducted by the children with Benson Allen as Mayor. There were town meetings, and clean-up, health, law and order and other departments. The children thoroughly enjoyed all the features.

The Juniors presented on Thursday afternoon their closing feature, "Uncle Sam's Experiment." The children are at play when one of them announces his intention to be a real up-to-date farmer. Then Agriculture, represented by Luther Fastnacht, enters with Science, by Ida Hartley. They tell how Uncle Sam has established clubs for the girls and boys of the country who take an interest in growing things and making themselves useful; how this same Uncle Sam sends out bulletins, offers prizes, and does many other things to help the children.

In the second scene William Ziegler as "Uncle Sam," dressed in full regalia, presents the medals polished by "Mother Earth," Jeanne Heindel, to eighteen boys and girls representing corn clubs, canning clubs, and gardening clubs. Several songs were used during the playlet, one of which, "Something to Do," was an appeal to the grown-ups to provide useful activities for the kiddies, and the finale was a lively song, "Depend on the Boys and Girls, Uncle Sam."

The fine time of the children was planned and carried out by the Misses Campbell in charge of the Junior Chautauqua.

A 1917 CHAUTAUQUA.

On Thursday evening 435 tickets had been pledged and over 700 of our people had signed as guarantors for any deficiency and with these results in hand the contract for a seventh Chautauqua in 1917 was signed. With such a body of guarantors the percentage of deficit to be born by each will be small. With 39 guarantors this year the deficit to be met by each is expected to be less than \$5.00.

Senseless Knocking of Gettysburg.

Hot air artists of city papers sought last week to knock Gettysburg as to the proposed visit of Christian Endeavorers at Harrisburg who desired to come here by stating in big headlines that crowded was too big for Gettysburg and that there was not enough vehicles in town to take care of 600 or 700 people. For some inexplicable reason there are those who seem to take a pleasure of knocking Gettysburg upon any conceivable opportunity. A striking illustration was in 1913 when people were warned not to come here by placards in railroad stations. These knocks have all been in the face of the fact that there has never been a time when Gettysburg has not been equal to any crowd that came here and so it proved with the crowd of Endeavorers last Saturday. There was no difficulty in handling all who came and more could have been cared for.

Gettysburg took a prominent part in the Christian Endeavor convention in Harrisburg. The Society of St. James Lutheran Church was accorded all the honors of a Front Line Society, being the only Society in the county attaining this distinction.

Charles C. Culp presided over the sessions of the Junior Association as its president and at a number of the sessions there were over one thousand children in the assembly hall. Charles C. Culp was re-elected head of the Junior Department work.

Rev. Joseph E. Baker was named as one of the vice presidents of the Pennsylvania Society.

It is suspected that the same hot air artists knocking Gettysburg also sent word all over the State that the Endeavorers modestly refused to have a group picture taken in front of the Capitol until the Barnard Statuary had been draped. Surely this must be a mistake. It could not have been modesty that would have made them ashamed of the classic and magnificent forms of Adam and Eve and their children. Rather they blushed for those people in Pennsylvania who compel the men representing the State to look like monstrosities.

Last Teacher Elected.

The teaching force of the public schools of Gettysburg was completed with the election of Prof. R. E. Sunderland of Clearfield as teacher of the commercial branches and penmanship in the Gettysburg High School. The acceptance of Prof. Sunderland has been received. He will begin his duties at the opening of schools.

Prof. Sunderland is a graduate of Clearfield High School, Indiana State Normal School and Oscaloosa College, Iowa. For a number of years he has taught the commercial branches in the Johnsonburg High School. He has been highly recommended to the local board by those who have employed him during his teaching career. He is also a graduate of the Eastman Business College.

THOMAS GODFREY NEELY

ONE OF THE BEST CITIZENS OF THE COUNTY PASSES AWAY.

Vice President of the Gettysburg National Bank—Prominent Democrat.

Thomas Godfrey Neely, one of the strong leading citizens of Adams county died on last Saturday morning at his home in York Springs aged 78 years, 2 months and 21 days.

Mr. Neely was recognized as one of the county's best citizens. He had taken an acknowledged leadership in business and politics and had always proven equal to the occasion. He was a man of sterling worth, of unusual good common sense, and of excellent judgment whose advice was sought by his neighbors and by his community and by others throughout the county. One always knew where Mr. Neely stood. He always had a good reason for the faith within for any position he took in business and politics. He was true to the last ditch to any cause or friend he supported and these characteristics made him stand high in the admiration and affections of those best acquainted with him.

Mr. Neely had been failing in health for about two years, having had several attacks of paralysis. He would recover and take up the duties of his life with a determination and clearness most unusual in men similarly suffering. He attended a meeting of the bank directors of the Gettysburg National Bank within two weeks of his death, called at this office during the day and in conversation showed his wonderful memory and his sound unclouded judgment.

Mr. Neely was born in Franklin township, York county, on April 22, 1836, a son of James Harvey and Mary Godfrey Neely, being descended paternally and maternally from two of the oldest and most prominent families in this region. Samuel Neely immigrated from County Tyrone in Ireland in 1775 and settled in Tyrone township, this county. Francis Godfrey, the father of his mother, settled on a large farm in the northwestern boundary of York county. In early life Mr. Neely attended the public schools, also private schools and the academy at New Bloomfield. He finally settled on the farm in Huntingdon township now occupied by his grandson, T. N. Cashman, and with his usual energy worked on the farm and taught school in his township for four years.

Mr. Neely was a Democrat of the old school type. He believed in Democracy in a government by the people. He stood staunchly by his party at all times, ready with a reason that it should be supported. He was a delegate to many conventions and a county committeeman almost continuously for many years of his life. He was in close touch with his community and a candidate could get more help and advice about politics in that end of the county than from any one else.

Mr. Neely filled many positions, and all with fidelity to the principle that public office is a public trust to be faithfully administered and his work always reflected credit upon himself and his party. In 1868 he was appointed assistant revenue assessor and served two years. In 1871 he was elected Prothonotary of Adams county and again in 1874 was re-elected and during his incumbency he lived with his family in Gettysburg, making a host of friends here. He was a delegate to the convention at St. Louis in 1876 which nominated Samuel J. Tilden for president. He was chairman of the Democratic County Committee from 1876 to 1882. In 1879 he was appointed bank assessor for Adams county and in 1885 was appointed under President Cleveland deputy revenue collector which position he held for five years. He was elected a justice of the peace several times.

In 1890 he was elected a director of the Gettysburg National Bank and served continuously since. In 1901 he was elected vice president of the bank, holding this position until his death. He was one of the organizers of the Gettysburg Mutual Fire Insurance Company, its first vice president and then president of the company. He was president of the Board of Sunnyside Cemetery, York Springs. He was a member of the York Springs Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Neely married Miss Margaret Dicks, a sister of Associate Judge W. Howard Dicks. She died four years ago and he leaves two sons and two daughters. Dr. Chas. G. Neely of Philadelphia, Edgar G. Neely of Prescott, Wis., Mrs. E. W. Cashman of York Springs, and Mrs. D. A. Gardner of Witherow, Washington. He was the last of his immediate generation, his brother James R. Neely, dying several years ago. The funeral services were held on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock and many relatives and friends were present. Rev. D. W. Woods, pastor of Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church, conducted the services and delivered a forceful and eloquent sermon. Rev. L. M. Gardner assisted in the services and in the course of his discourse recalled the remarkable fact that he had intimately known the deceased, his cousin, for a period of 78 years; his first recollection of Thomas G. Neely being as an infant in arms. Interment was made in Sunnyside Cemetery.

Herce Shively Neely, postmaster at Fairfield, died at his home about

midnight Tuesday, after a week's illness following a stroke of paralysis, aged 45 years and 3 months. Mr. Neely was stricken while attending to his duties at the postoffice last Wednesday afternoon. He was carried to the home of his parents, where his death occurred. He retained consciousness until his condition became serious. He was a son of Hon. and Mrs. J. Upton Neely and was born at Hunterstown. He has lived practically his entire life in Fairfield. For a number of years he was engaged as a traveling salesman for the drug firm of Dale and Company, of York. After the election of President Wilson he received the appointment as postmaster at Fairfield and had been filling that position acceptably several years. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and of the lodge of Odd Fellows at Fairfield. Mr. Neely married Miss Margaret Stauffer of Shiremansdale. He leaves his parents, his wife and a young daughter, Elizabeth. He also leaves the following brothers and sisters, William Neely of Wenonah, N. J., Mrs. John W. McIlhenny of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Mrs. Alice Marrett, of South Carolina, George, James and Robert Neely of Fairfield, Helen, Margaret, Mary and Donald Neely living at home in Fairfield. Funeral was held Friday services conducted by Rev. D. W. Woods, interment in the union cemetery at Fairfield.

Zelotus H. Cashman, a highly respected citizen of New Oxford, died at his home on Wednesday evening aged about 65 years. He had a stroke of paralysis about three years ago and has been in failing health since, the immediate cause of his death being hardening of the arteries. For many years Mr. Cashman was one of the leading business men of New Oxford, conducting a warehouse. He became well known throughout the lower end of the county for his honesty and integrity, and was always an ardent Democrat, and in 1908 was elected a county commissioner. He was a director of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of New Oxford and served several terms as a school director. He was a member of the Lutheran Church of New Oxford and belonged to the Masonic Lodge of that town and also a member of the P. O. S. of A. The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, services by Rev. C. W. Baker, and interment in the New Oxford Cemetery. He leaves a wife who was Miss Rebecca Bender of this county, and five children as follows: Dr. B. Z. Cashman of Pittsburgh, Arthur Cashman of Columbus, Ohio, Mrs. Moses Baker of Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Maude Diehl and Miss Lottie Cashman at home. He also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Jamison, living in Colorado, and Mrs. Tura Cashman of Straban township, and one brother, Clinton Cashman of New Oxford.

Joseph A. Oaster died on Wednesday at his home at Edge Grove after a year's illness from heart trouble, aged 62 years, 2 months and 10 days. He was a son of the late Adam Oaster of McSherrystown. His wife died twenty-six years ago and he leaves three children, Mrs. Gertrude Noel, Mrs. Rebecca Ackerman, Mrs. Lucy Lawrence, and Edward Oaster, of McSherrystown. William Oaster of Pittsburgh, Simon Oaster of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Clara Long at home. He also leaves a sister and three brothers, Miss Cecelia Oaster and John Oaster of McSherrystown, Adam Oaster of Philadelphia, George Oaster of Muncie, Ind. Funeral services and interment will be held at Conewago Chapel Saturday morning at 9 o'clock conducted by Rev. Chas. Koch.

Jerrett Washington Benchoff died Thursday morning of last week at his home a short distance east of Charman, aged 82 years, 11 months and 29 days. He had been failing in health for several years and only recently showed marked signs of weakness. Washington Benchoff was born and reared in that section and spent his entire life there. He assisted in the construction of the old "cape worm" railroad, and also in the building of the Jack's Mountain branch of the W. M. R. R. He was also supervisor of the public roads on the mountain for a number of years. He lived to see the entire portion of the Monterey and Blue Ridge Summit built up as a colony region. In his youth the land that is now used as a pleasure resort by so many people was farm country and it was the least of Mr. Benchoff's expectations then that there would one day be a little city there. Mr. Benchoff was one of the best known men of his section. He leaves a widow. Funeral services were held on Saturday, interment in Burns Hill Cemetery, Waynesboro.

Mrs. Anna Plank, widow of the late Levi Plank died at the home of her son, Dallas Plank, Stratton street, on Monday evening. Mrs. Plank was one of the town's oldest residents having reached the age of 91 years, 3 months and 22 days. She was formerly Miss Anna Weikert, a daughter of Jacob and Sarah Jakes Weikert. Mrs. Plank is survived by four children as follows: Pierce Plank of Gettysburg, Mrs. John Schwartz of Mt. Joy township, Mrs. Will Rider of Cumberland township, and Dallas Plank with whom she resided. She leaves 26 grandchildren and 40 great-grandchildren. Three brothers also survive, George Weikert of Woodsboro, Md., and Emanuel and David Weikert of Gettysburg.

Continued on page 8).

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel M. Ziegler and son Chester of Philadelphia, motored to Gettysburg and spent last Saturday and Sunday with C. Wm. Ziegler and family at their home on York street.

—Miss Beatrice Hartman has returned to her home on High street after a trip to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

—Mrs. Charles Greenfield of Baltimore is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Levi Mumper, East Middle street.

—Earnest L. Grammar and family of Philadelphia visited at the home of Frank Tawney, South street, for several days this week. They will spend some time with friends in Arendtsville and Bendersville before returning to their home.

—Miss Lillie Long, Chambersburg street, has gone to Pen-Mar to spend several months.

—Harry Titus of Rochester, N. Y., is visiting relatives in town.

—Mrs. Albert Billheimer has gone to Princeton, N. J., to spend the summer with her husband who is taking a special course of study at Princeton University.

—Miss Mary Snyder of New Oxford spent this week as the guest of Miss Anna Miller, Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Mable Walters of New York is the guest of Mrs. John Ziegler at her home on Chambersburg street.

—Mr. and Mrs. David M. Wolf of Baltimore spent several days with friends in town this week.

—Miss Gertrude Stonaker has returned to her home on Baltimore street after a week's visit with friends in York.

—Miss Louise Brinkerhoff of Philadelphia is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Brinkerhoff, Baltimore street.

—Rev. Lyman Whitney Allen, LL.D., of Newark, is the guest of Samuel D. Reck at his home on Baltimore street.

—Mrs. C. A. Sussertott of Chambersburg is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Herbert C. Allen, Seminary Ridge.

—Miss Mary Wassem of Baltimore is visiting Miss Anna McSherry at her home on West Middle street.

—Charles Neely of Philadelphia, and Edward Neely of Prescott, Wis., sons of the late Thomas G. Neely of York Springs, were Gettysburg visitors on Thursday.

—Miss Ella Blocher has returned to her home in Washington, D. C., after a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Mickley, Chambersburg street.

—Mrs. Harry Little, Chambersburg street, has gone to Pen-Mar where she will spend some time with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Myers.

—Rev. and Mrs. Charles H. Huber and children have returned from a motor trip to Washington, D. C., where they were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Ruddle.

—Miss Louise Stahl, Baltimore street, attended a missionary conference which was in convention at Pen-Mar this week.

—Rev. Paul R. Pontius and Miss Catharine Pontius, Carlisle street, have returned from a visit of several days in Lancaster.

—Miss Maud Bream, Springs avenue, is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Trump at Montclair, N. J., and Mrs. Billheimer at Princeton, N. J.

—The Misses Whittier and Miss Maud Kehler have returned to their homes in Williamsport after a visit with Miss Ethel Weaver at her home on Stevens street.

—Mrs. Elsie Singmaster Lewars, Seminary Ridge is spending several weeks with friends at Mt. Gretna.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Oyler, son and daughter have returned from an automobile trip to Milford where they spent several days with Harvey F. Oyler and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Olinger and son, West Middle street, have returned from a trip to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

—Mrs. Crawford, Hagerstown, and Miss Ford, St. Paul, Minn., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Forney at their bungalow near Caledonia.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Wallick of York are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Wallick, North Washington street.

—Dr. and Mrs. Franklin Menges and daughters have returned to their home in York after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McIlhenny, Lincoln avenue.

—Mrs. Annie C. Bender has returned to her home on North Washington street after a visit at the home of Dr. H. A. Lakin, Harrisburg. She was accompanied home by Dr. and Mrs. Lakin and daughter Isabelle and Mrs. Samuel Taughnbaugh who will spend some time here.

—Miss Idelle Eppler and Ralph Andrews of Philadelphia were the guests of Mrs. Annie Bender, North Washington street on Wednesday.

—Mrs. James Weaver, West Middle street, is visiting friends in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

—Charles Miller, Percy Miller, Henry Garvin, Russel Stauffer, Henry McDonnell, John Raffensperger and George Sachs are spending two weeks camping at Black Hole, along Marsh Creek.

—Joe Codori, Curtis Sheads, Rob-

ert Eckenrode, Richard Mishler, Charles Myers and John Slaybaugh are camping for two weeks at Dick's Dam on the Conewago.

—Miss Nettie Shultz, Miss Grace Spahr, Miss Bertha Weikert, Miss Mary Sheads and Miss Annie Slonaker and Mrs. Lewis Weygant are occupying a cottage at Dick's Dam for two weeks.

—Mrs. Harry Reiler of Baltimore is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Emory Cleveland at their home on South Washington street.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Benner and Mrs. C. E. Deatruck have returned to their homes on Chambersburg street after spending some time in Atlantic City.

—Miss Mildred Wilson of Littlestown is visiting at the home of Sheriff and Mrs. Hartman, East High St.

—John Butt, who was successfully operated upon at the German Hospital, Philadelphia, several weeks ago for appendicitis, and who has been spending the past week at Atlantic City, has returned to his home on Carlisle street.

—The local Gettysburg College Woman's League at its recent meeting elected Miss Alice Picking Treasurer to fill the vacancy caused by the removal from town of the former treasurer, Mrs. H. R. Shipherd. Appreciation was expressed of the gift of \$50 from the Treble Clef Club for the proceeds of their June concert.

—Ralph Deatruck, son of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Deatruck, of Baltimore street, was the victim of an accident which caused him the loss of several fingers on his right hand. Mr. Deatruck was camping at Dick's Dam, and was standing at the camp with the stock of the gun resting on the ground and his right hand over the muzzle when the gun was discharged mauling the first three fingers of the hand.

—Mrs. George E. Hartman of Harrisburg, formerly of Gettysburg, is a patient in the Harrisburg Hospital where she was operated upon on Friday for appendicitis.

—Martha Epley of near Round Top, the little girl who was accidentally shot last week, is doing nicely at the York Hospital. Several X-ray pictures have been made in an effort to locate the bullet which entered just below the eye, but it has not been found. It is thought that the bullet took a downward course and did not touch any vital spots.

—Rev. R. F. McClean and Mrs. Wm. C. McClean and two children of Mechanicsburg, and Rev. Fred Cooper and Mrs. Coper of Milwaukee, the latter formerly Mrs. Rose Reckard, are guests of Miss Lillie McClean, East Middle street.

Hon. D. F. Lafean in Auto Accident.

Congressman Daniel F. Lafean and son Leroy were injured when their automobile turned turtle on the Columbia turnpike about two miles from Lancaster last Friday afternoon. Both Congressman Lafean and his son were pinned beneath the car. Congressman Lafean is suffering from bruises of his body and chest. Leroy sustained bruises and lacerations of the hips. Congressman Lafean was driving the automobile when the accident occurred. The machine was traveling at a moderate rate of speed when he tried to turn aside to avoid hitting a muddy spot in the road. Immediately the automobile started to travel in a zigzag fashion, and before he could gain control it collided with a telephone pole and turned turtle.

School News.

The Summer-School taught by Miss Mary Benner closed Friday, July 12. During the six weeks the pupils were almost perfect in attendance and accomplished the work assigned in a very satisfactory manner. Having made up conditions these pupils make promotion.

A number of boys and girls have secured vacation certificates and are working in the various industries of the town. These labor certificates in the absence of Miss Cope may be secured at the County Superintendent's Office at Court House.

Battlefield Guide Examination.

On July 10 eighteen applicants took the examination for a license as guide or driver on the Battlefield of Gettysburg. The examination was conducted under direction of the Gettysburg National Park Commissioners. Seventy has been fixed as the percentage to be attained to entitle one to a guide badge and license on the battlefield. All under that mark it is understood will only receive driver's license. Of the eighteen, eleven will receive guide badges and licenses, the percentages being as follows:

Charles W. Holtzworth	99
Harry E. Koch	94
Jacob C. Eckenrode	90
Meader Williams	89
E. E. Power	86
Edgar G. Shealer	81
William H. DeGroot	80
James W. Leister	80
Irvin Kelly	79
Frank B. Slonaker	74
Charles W. Culp	72

The percentage of the seven who will be given driver's licenses were: Joseph Walters 55 Powers Pittenturf 55 Wm. H. Yingling 48 J. Francis Stallsmith 30 Walter M. Ecker 29 J. C. Hoke 26 John A. Menchey 27

Emanuel Stine has sold his 52 acre farm near Abbottstown to Ira Strasbaugh for \$4000, possession to be given next spring when Mr. Stine expects to move to East Berlin.

DEATHS.

(Continued from page 5.)

Ethel Margaret Wagaman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wagaman, of Zora, died early Thursday morning at the Frederick City Hospital from appendicitis. She had been ill for several weeks but her condition did not become serious until about a week ago. She was aged 12 years, 4 months and 25 days.

Carroll Hahn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Hahn of Buford street, died at the Harrisburg Hospital Tuesday morning, following an operation, aged 16 years. The funeral was held on Thursday afternoon, services by his pastor, Dr. R. S. Oyler, interment in Evergreen Cemetery. He leaves his parents and one sister.

Wm. S. Haverstick of Carlisle, a member of the Band of the 8th Pa. Regiment, who died on troop train between Pittsburgh and Steubenville, Ohio, on Monday, was a former resident of Gettysburg, having been employed by Levi Mumper as a photographer for a number of years. He was a piccolo player in the Band of this place while living here. He was with the 8th Regiment Band at Mt. Gretna and when the regiment took train on Sunday he was ill with acute indigestion, which grew worse after leaving Pittsburgh. He leaves a mother and three sisters in Carlisle, and a brother in Lancaster.

ARENDTSTVILLE.

The prospect is good for a large crop of grapes, peaches, blackberries and huckleberries in this section. The heavy shower of rain we had last Monday evening was very beneficial to all vegetation, especially the oats and potato crop.

Benj. F. Fisher with his wife and daughter of Bunkie, La., were recent guests in the home of Thos. A. Fisher, the former's father.

Geo. Taylor of Millerstown, Perry county, is a visitor in the homes of Jas. L. Taylor and Frank R. Culp. He was born and lived here until 1854 when he went to his present home. His brother Samuel who was to come with him on his visit here died six weeks ago aged 85 years.

Miss Millie Lichty has returned from McCall, S. C., where she spent several months at her trade, millinery.

Partial Eclipse of Moon.

Partial eclipse of moon is due Friday night, July 14, the full moon, entering the earth's shadow at 10:11, the middle of the eclipse being at 11:37 and 1:04 Saturday morning the shadow leaves the moon.

Making a Scrap Book.

Mankind may be divided into two classes, those who preserve fugitive clippings and those who don't. Among the former are many who for lack of classification become victims of their own belongings. They clip assiduously, they lay aside newspapers containing articles they wish to keep for reference, and they postpone the task of sorting and arrangement to the rainy day or the interval of leisure which never arrives. Presently they are dismayed to find themselves confronted by a pile of ephemeral literature mountain high, wherein it seems hopeless even to blaze a trail. That is where the person of meticulous, orderly habits shows his irritating superiority. With him day unto day has uttered wisdom; he has tabulated and pigeonholed his stores as they came to his hand. It does not prove that you are literary and learned to raise a vast rubbish heap around yourself or to live in a ruin that suggests the visit of a Zeppelin. Those who keep scrapbooks are likely to reckon them among the most precious items in their libraries.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Two Medical Men.

Some time ago during a performance Sir Herbert Tree had the misfortune to slip while going from his dressing room to the stage and injure his shoulder rather badly. He was in great pain, but pluckily determined to go through with his part, and just as he was about to make his entrance on the stage he whispered to some one in the wings:

"Send for a doctor!"

When the scene was over the doctor had not arrived, so Sir Herbert told one of the stage hands to go around to the front of the theater to see if he could find a medical man among the audience. Shortly afterward the stage hand returned, proudly and breathlessly, in company with two professional gentlemen.

"One of them," says Sir Herbert sadly when he tells the story, "was a vet and the other was a dentist!"

When Your Foot Is Asleep.

After being for a long time in a constrained attitude a peculiar numbness and pricking are often felt in the arm, leg or foot. This is caused by some interruption to the circulation and can usually be removed by rubbing or exercise. The reason of the sensation, which is decidedly uncomfortable while it lasts, is that pressure for a certain length of time deadens the sensibility of a nerve. When this pressure is suddenly removed, as straightening out the leg after sitting with it doubled underneath the body, sensibility gradually returns to the nerve, and as each nerve fiber composing the trunk regains its normal condition of sensibility a pricking sensation is felt, and these successive prickings from the successive awakenings of the numerous fibers have not inaptly been called "pins and needles."

Frenzied Finance.

Short—I wish I were a rumor. Long—What's the answer? Short—Why, a rumor soon gains currency.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FISK



Time To Re-tire? (Buy Fisk)

Non-Skids Cost Less

than the plain tread styles of several other standard makes

When you buy a Fisk Non-Skid you get the best tire on the market for a price that is reasonable and right—the mileage returns this year are better than ever.

Compare These Prices
on Fisk Grey Non-Skid Casings

3 x 30 . . . 10.40	4½ x 35 . . . 31.20
3½ x 30 . . . 13.40	4½ x 36 . . . 31.55
4 x 33 . . . 22.00	5 x 37 . . . 37.30

and remember that besides Fisk Quality there is Fisk FREE service at more than 125 Direct Branches.

George Eberhart, Gettysburg Pa.
S. G. Bigham, Biglerville Pa.

Fisk Branches in More Than 125 Cities

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Brand, Eggs, Cakes and Pretzels. Everything is Fresh and of the very Best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

REPORT.

Of the condition of the First National Bank of Gettysburg at Gettysburg, Pa., in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	888,768.61
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation (par value)	100,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., on hand (other than stocks) including premiums on same	225,077.67
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank ..17,400.00	
Less amount unpaid	8,700.00
Banking house.....73,175.00	
Furniture and fixtures	7,825.00
Other real estate owned..	31,221.18
Due from Federal Reserve bank	20,250.00
Due from approved Reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis.....	3,551.50
Due from approved Reserve agents in other cities	15,621.37
Due from banks and bankers (other than above) ..	5,947.73
Outside checks & other cash items \$2,179.31	
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	3,002.31
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	252.84
Notes of other national banks	200.00
Federal reserve notes.....	5.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Coin and certificates.....	24,699.05
Legal-tender notes	7,875.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$1,424,164.05

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in....	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	140,000.00
Undivided profits \$39,648.82	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid ..\$7,391.23	
Circulating notes	32,257.59
Dividends unpaid	99,780.00
Due to banks and bankers	330.00
Individual deposits subject to check	641.49
Cashier's checks outstanding	175,727.51
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	3,226.34
Bills payable including obligations representing money borrowed	792,201.21
Total	\$1,424,164.05

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.

I, J. Elmer Musselman, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. ELMER MUSSELMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of July, 1916.

H. G. WILLIAMS, N. P.

Correct Attest:

SAM'L M. BUSHMAN
PIUS A. MILLER
G. H. TROSTLE

Directors.

Concrete Feed Floors

If you feed your cattle or hogs on the ground, you are paying the price of a concrete feed floor without getting its advantages. The loss from the feed that is trampled into the mud, and wasted soon, amounts to more than the cost of a concrete floor, which, if properly laid, will last indefinitely. Our free literature tells how you can easily do such work yourself. It tells how to make concrete, fence posts, buildings, sidewalks—how to do everything that can be done with concrete. Write for it.

Concrete for Permanence. SECURITY, the Permanent Cement
Security Cement and Lime Co., Hagerstown, Md.
Members of The Cement Association—The National Body

Sold By
W. OYLER & BRO.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

NEW DEEDS! NEW DEEDS!

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

Gettysburg : Compiler : Office

16 Baltimore Street

Pretty Poor.
Hicks—Bluffer is talking of purchasing an automobile. Wicks—Bluffer! Why, he couldn't buy a charge of ammunition for an air gun!

They Often Do.
"Don't the bonds of matrimony interest you?"
"They might if they paid a cash dividend."—Boston Transcript.

A good way to be happy is to try to be useful and helpful.

Now's Their Chance.
"And so you are convinced, my friend," asked the curate, "that there is a place of eternal punishment?"
"I am," replied the uncharitable parishioner. "There's nothing in this world had enough for some people."—Browning's Magazine.

Notes Which Count.
City Minister—Do you preach without notes? Country Minister—Not entirely. I get a five dollar note once in a while.—Philadelphia Record.

NOTICE.

The first and final account of The Citizens' Trust Company, trustee of fund for use of Susan Armor, now deceased, under will of Charles Armor, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, has been filed in my office and will be presented to an Orphans' Court of Adams County for confirmation absolute on June 19, 1916.

W. D. SHEELY,
Clerk O. C.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of H. Albert Fissel, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

OLIVE E. FISSEL,
Executrix.

Or her attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

THE FIRST OXFORD REDUCTION IS ON----

100 Pairs Womens Oxfords at 98c.

Most of these are small sizes; but if you need a medium or large size, be an early bird and you will likely find a pair.
30 Pairs Womens White Canvas Button Shoes were \$1.50 and \$2.00. Special at 98c. All Sizes.

50 Pairs Mens Oxfords At \$1.38 & \$1.48

Almost all sizes, Tan and black. In many cases, these Oxfords will answer the purpose for dress wear; and are very cheap even if used for general everyday service. They will wear well, as they are broken sizes, from good lots. We will not give these goods on approval or charge them. They are on the tables, ready to try on. Don't wait until tomorrow.

ECKERT'S STORE

"ON THE SQUARE"

Books for all Business

Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Cash and Time Books, Due Ledgers, Record and Roll Books, Milk Books and Note Books of all sizes. Loose Leaf and Permanent Binding. The largest line of books this side of the city.

Farmers and Stockmen

Get Your Stock in Condition

for Summer Work

by feeding some Good Food and Regulator. Our guaranteed brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

Peoples Drug Store

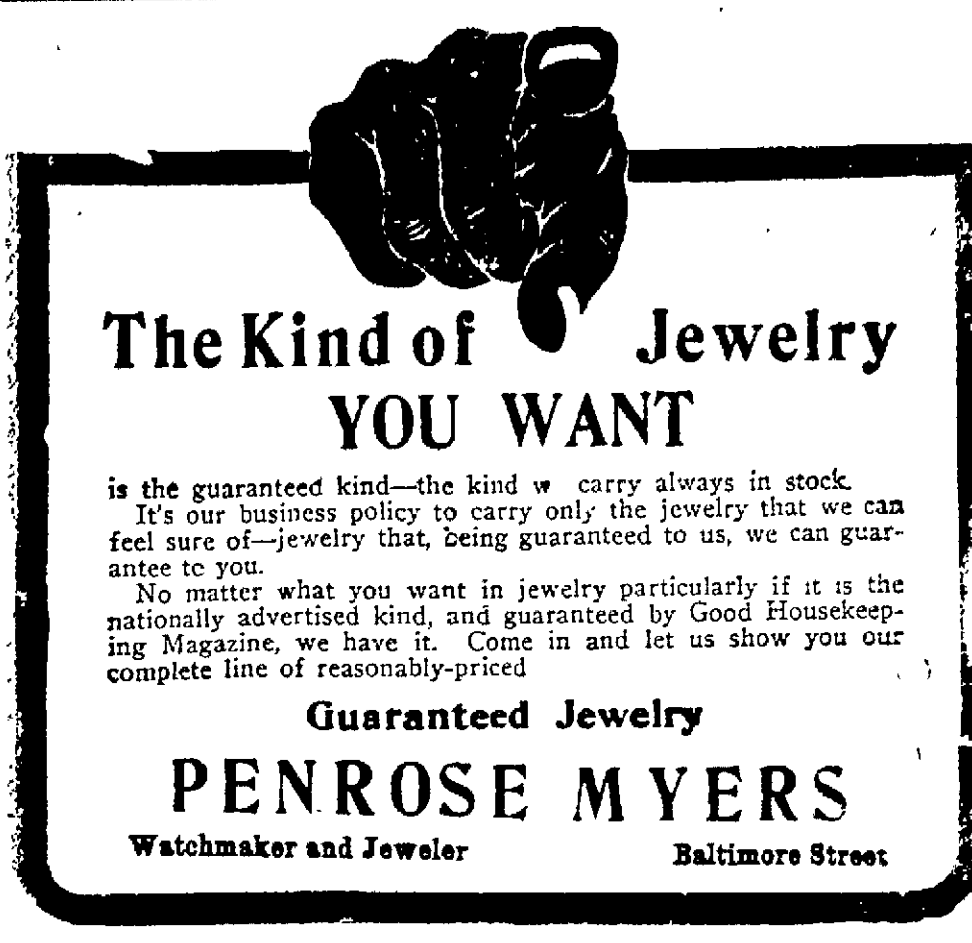
Going West?

Want some reliable information about any of the country west of the Rockies—California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas? Want to know something about farming opportunities, railroad rates, automobile highways, hotels, resorts, prices of land, methods of farming, etc.

It's our business to know all about this Pacific Slope country. Sunset Magazine is the one big national magazine, reflecting the life of this country and giving accurate information concerning its growth and development. Send 10 cents for a sample copy of Sunset Magazine and write us a letter asking for whatever information you desire concerning any state in the West.

SUNSET MAGAZINE SERVICE BUREAU
SAN FRANCISCO.

PEOPLE OF HUNTERSTOWN WATCH THIS SPACE.



The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock. It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler Baltimore Street

Walter's Theatre

28 York St.

"The Home of Good Pictures and Good Humor"



Beautiful Bust and Shoulders

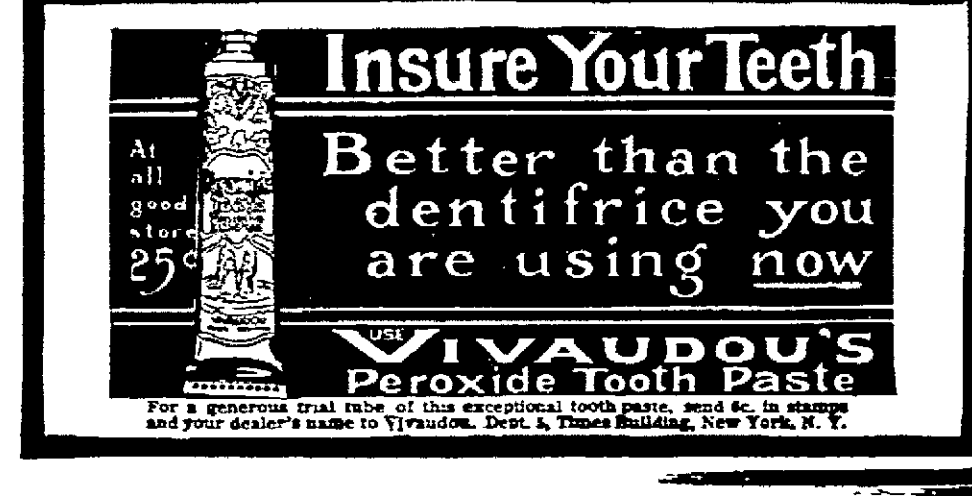
are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed Bien Jolie Brassiere.

The dragging weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled. put the bust back where it belongs, prevent the full bust from having the appearance of fat-bulges, eliminate the danger of dragging muscles and confine the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.

They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Cross Back, Hook Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Bonded with "Wololin," the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.

Have your dealer show you Bien Jolie Brassieres, if not stocked, we will gladly send him, prepaid, samples to show you.

BENJAMIN & JONES, 51 Warren Street, Newark, N. J.



Insure Your Teeth

Better than the dentifrice you are using now

VIVAUDOU'S Peroxide Tooth Paste

For a generous trial tube of this exceptional tooth paste, send 5c. in stamps and your dealer's name to Vivaudou, Dept. 5, Times Building, New York, N. Y.

LET US HAVE YOUR NEXT ORDER FOR

...COAL...

Broken, Egg, Stove, Nut, Pea and Bituminous, also Wood

We give quality, full weight and best of service

J. O. BLOCHER

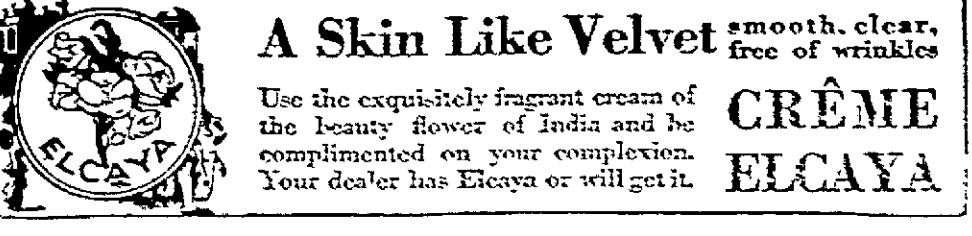
GETTYSBURG PENNSYLVANIA

For Your Beauty's Sake

USE E. D. PINAUD'S Massage Cream

A new, exquisite complexion cream from the world's most famous par-fumour. A wonderful beauty preparation, rose odor. Ask your druggist or send 25c to our American offices for a tube.

PARFUMERIE E. D. PINAUD, DEPT. M. E. D. PINAUD BLDG. NEW YORK

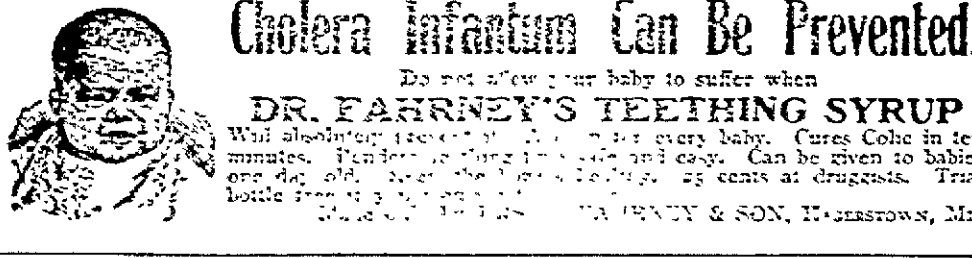


A Skin Like Velvet

smooth, clear, free of wrinkles

Use the exquisitely fragrant cream of the beauty flower of India and be complimented on your complexion. Your dealer has Elcaya or will get it.

CRÈME ELCAYA



Cholera Infantum Can Be Prevented.

Do not allow your baby to suffer when

DR. FARRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

Will absolutely prevent cholera infantum in every baby. Cures Colic in ten minutes. Teething is made easy and painless. Can be given to babies one day old. After the first year, 25 cents at druggists. Trial bottle free.

W. H. FARRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

"Onyx" Hosiery

You Get GOOD Value at ANY Price—Sift; Little or Cotton 25c to \$5.00 per pair

Emery-Bentley Company, Inc.

153-161 EAST 24th ST. NEW YORK

NEW BISHOP OF HARRISBURG

MONSIGNOR PHILIP R. McDEVITT OF PHILADELPHIA.

His Consecration Will Likely Take Place in August and Enter Upon His Duties September 1st.

Monsignor Philip R. McDevitt, superintendent of parish schools for the archdiocese of Philadelphia and widely known as a Catholic churchman, lecturer and educator, has been appointed Bishop of Harrisburg by Pope Benedict to succeed the late Bishop Shanahan.

The date of his consecration has not been announced but it probably will take place next month, with Archbishop Prendergast officiating.

Monsignor McDevitt was born in the northwestern section of Philadelphia on July 12, 1858. He is the son of the late Richard and Mary A. McDevitt. He was a graduate of LaSalle College in the class of 1877 and after attending the seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, at Overbrook, was ordained to the priesthood in 1885.

His first appointment was as an assistant at the Church of the Nativity, Allegheny avenue, and Belgrade street. He served there until he was appointed superintendent of parish schools in May, 1899. On the celebration of his silver anniversary as a priest he was created domestic prelate with the title of Monsignor by Pope Pius X.

Monsignor McDevitt is widely known not only in local circles but nationally his work as a lecturer and his activities as an educator brought him into prominence. He is vice president of the playground commission and is actively interested in various philanthropic enterprises. One of the monuments of his efforts in behalf of the children of Philadelphia is the Catholic Girls' High School of which he is rector. He is at present attached to the Church of St. John the Evangelist.

The Rev. Philip R. McDevitt, St. John's Roman Catholic Church, Philadelphia, the new bishop of the Diocese of Harrisburg, has been the superintendent of parochial schools in Philadelphia for nearly a quarter of a century. He has placed them at the head of parochial schools in the United States, and through his personal and individual efforts has accommodated upward of one hundred thousand children, who otherwise would have been obliged to accept half time on account of the crowded condition of the public schools.

Father McDevitt was raised to a monsignor under the late Archbishop Ryan in recognition of his extraordinary services at the head of the school system.

He is in his fifties, of medium height and on account of a weak throat has worn a beard for many years. He is quiet, retiring and unassuming and has as many friends among the other denominations as among his own. While not the possessor of robust health, he has indefatigable zeal and industry. He is a speaker of considerable ability and has devoted considerable time to writing on theological subjects.

Following the death of Bishop Shanahan on February 18, the Rt. Rev. Monsignor M. M. Hassett, who was then vicar general of the Harrisburg diocese, was made administrator of the diocese.

The Harrisburg diocese of the Roman Catholic Church includes fifteen counties of Pennsylvania. In this territory there are ninety churches, with 65,000 members.

The diocese extends from the Maryland line to Montour county, and from Berks to Huntingdon. The counties included are: Dauphin, Lebanon, Lancaster, York, Adams, Franklin, Cumberland, Perry, Juniata, Mifflin, Snyder, Northumberland, Union, Montour and Columbia.

The Harrisburg diocese was organized in 1869.

\$85,000,000 for Roads.

The sum of \$85,000,000 of Federal funds is made available for the construction of rural roads, by the passage of the Federal road bill which became a law on July 11, 1916. Of this sum, \$75,000,000 is to be expended for the construction of rural post roads under co-operative arrangements with the highway departments of the various States, and \$10,000,000 is to be expended for roads and trails within or partly within the national forests. The act limits the Federal Government's share in road work in co-operation with the States to 50 per cent. of the estimated cost of construction. Federal aid may be extended to the construction of any rural post road, excluding all streets or roads in towns having a population of 2,500 or more, except the portions of such streets or roads on which the houses are on an average more than 200 feet apart.

Five million dollars is made available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and thereafter the appropriation is increased at the rate of five millions a year until 1921, when the sum provided is twenty-five millions, making a total of seventy-five millions. In addition an appropriation of \$1,000,000 a year for ten years—a total of \$10,000,000—is made available for the development of roads and trails wholly or partly within the national forests.

The class of roads to be built and the method of construction are to be mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Agriculture and the State Highway Departments.

The act provides that after making necessary deductions for administering its provisions—not to exceed 3 per cent. of the appropriation for any one fiscal year—the Secretary of Agriculture shall apportion the remainder of each year's appropriation in the following manner:

One-third in the ratio which the area of each State bears to the total area of all the States.

One-third in the ratio which the population of each State bears to the total population of all the States.

One-third in the ratio which the mileage of rural delivery routes and star routes in each State bears to the

total mileage of rural delivery and star routes in all the States.

Project statements setting forth the proposed construction of any rural post road or roads in a State are to be submitted by the State Highway Department to the Secretary of Agriculture, and upon approval by the Secretary all necessary surveys, plans, specifications, and estimates must be furnished. The roads projected must be of a substantial character, and items covering engineering, inspection, and unforeseen contingencies are not to exceed 10 per cent. of the total estimated cost of the work.

Upon completion of the work as approved by the Secretary, the amount set aside for the project is to be paid to the proper State official. The Secretary of Agriculture is given authority, in his discretion, to make partial payments as the work progresses, but not in excess of the Federal Government's pro rata share of the labor and material which have been actually put into construction work nor in excess of \$10,000 per mile, exclusive of the cost of bridges of more than 20 feet clear span. All construction work is subject to the inspection and approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The various States securing aid under the provisions of the act are charged with the making of needed repairs and the preservation of a reasonably smooth surface, considering the type of the road, but are not obligated to make extraordinary repairs or undertake reconstruction. If, after due notice, a State fails to maintain a Federally aided road properly, the Secretary is required to refuse further aid until the road has been properly repaired at State expense.

His Willow.

On a bench in a ball yard a ball player sat
With his willow, his willow, his willow;
Said I to that ball player, "What do you bat
With your willow, your willow, your willow?"
With a sob and a sigh that young busher replied:
"I am having a slump, there's a stitch in my side.
But I'll pickle that pill when I'm back on my stride
With my willow, my willow, my willow."

He made up his mind that some noise he'd create
With his willow, his willow, his willow;
So he hitched up his trousers and strode to the plate,
With his willow, his willow, his willow;
That youth was determined the pellet to kill,
So he hammered the plate with a royal good will,
But he just couldn't manage to hammer the pill
With his willow, his willow, his willow.

He couldn't get on to the major league tricks
With his willow, his willow, his willow;
So he packed up his grip, and went back to the sticks,
With his willow, his willow, his willow;
Now he's leading his league in a class double O
Where he wallops the pill for 402—
In fact he is raising a hullabaloo
With his willow, his willow, his willow.

—By C. L. Davis.

Uncooked Foods.

During the hot weather fruits and vegetables are a necessary part of the diet. Many of these are more appetizing when eaten raw. Berries, radishes, onions and salads appear regularly on the menu at this season and have their value as food.

Care should be exercised in the preparation and serving of green foods however, as they are subject to much handling between the garden and the table. Unless the hands through which they pass are absolutely clean they are more or less contaminated. In many market gardens the gathering of the produce is entrusted to a class of labor which is not any too cleanly and care is seldom exercised to insure cleanliness.

Food exposed for sale in markets is also often subject to indiscriminate handling by prospective purchasers and is seldom properly protected from dust and dirt.

As a protection berries and food-stuffs eaten raw should be thoroughly washed before being served. It is far better to risk a slight impairment of the flavor than to chance eating unclean foods.

Nightsoil should not be used for fertilizing gardens from which the produce may be eaten raw. Water-cress should not be gathered from streams which are polluted by sewage. Many cases are on record where typhoid fever has resulted from failure to observe this precaution.

—Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M.D., LL.D., D.Sc., Commissioner of Health.

Can You Believe Your Senses?

When two of them, taste and smell, having been impaired if not utterly destroyed, by Nasal Catarrh, are fully restored by Ely's Cream Balm, can you doubt that this remedy deserves all that has been said of it by the thousands who have used it? It is applied directly to the affected air-passages and begins its healing work at once. Why not get it to-day? All druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York, on receipt of 50 cents.

Castigdrug

Peach and Apple Prospects.

The large drop of fruit during June reduced the prospects of the apple and peach crops in the State considerably, but from present indications there will be an ample apple crop while the peach crop only a trifle more than half of last year should produce some exceptional fruit.

According to figures gathered by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture the peach crop will be about fifty-five per cent. of a normal yield

throughout the State. There are some counties where very few peaches will be picked from the trees and others where the production is almost up to normal. In the fruit belt the percentage shows over 70 per cent. of a normal yield and every indication points that there will be a good supply from Adams, Franklin, Cumberland, Lancaster and York counties.

The apple crop at the present time is about twelve per cent. below a normal yield throughout the State with the apple belt showing about 86 per cent. of a normal crop.

The pear crop is estimated to be about 75 per cent. of a normal yield and the plum crop about 66 per cent. of a normal yield. The cherry crop just picked is estimated to have been about 87 per cent. of the normal yield.

Immense Hay Crop Harvested.

One of the finest hay crops that has ever been harvested in Pennsylvania is now being placed away by the farmers and from figures collected by the Bureau of Statistics of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, it is estimated at 4,703,400 tons.

Last year the estimated hay crop in Pennsylvania was 3,558,000 tons at an average of 1.18 tons to an acre but the conditions during the past winter and this spring have been so favorable to the growing of clover and timothy that this average per acre has increased to 1.56 tons to an acre which is decidedly above the ten year average mark.

The hay crop in all sections of the State is a big one, only six counties reporting below the average of 100 per cent. These counties are Greene, Juniata, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland and Snyder and the margin below the average crop is very low.

Lotteries in England.

Lotteries for the purpose of raising money for the state have never caught on in England. But for definite ends of a semistate character, such as building canals or founding a British museum, sanction has been readily granted. Our first recorded lottery is that of 1599, when the prizes were pieces of plate, the chances 40,000 for 10 shillings each and the desirable object the maintenance of harbors. But, once familiar grown, lotteries corrupted the ancient virtues of John Bull, and by the time of Queen Anne the state stepped in and suppressed every private lottery as a public nuisance. By an act passed in 1823 sanction was given to a particular lottery, and that was the last. At the same time all sale of tickets for home or foreign lotteries was forbidden.—London Times.

Fair Enough.

"Yes," we admitted, "it's a fine car, and we'd be glad to own it, but we can't afford to buy it, and there's no use wasting your breath trying to persuade us."

"Listen," pleaded the agent. "This car isn't going to cost you a cent. All you've got to do is to take out an accident policy in our favor and the car is yours. We'll even pay the premium on the policy. Can anything be fairer than that?"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Both Prodigals.

A young wife remonstrated with her husband, a dissipated spendthrift, on his conduct. "Love," said he, "I am like the prodigal son. I shall reform by and by."

"I will be like the prodigal son, too," she replied. "For I shall arise and go to my father."

Boss Prevaricators.

"There goes a man who boasts that he has never bought a gold brick."

"Reminds me of the fellow who says he has never told a lie."

"Yes. He reminds me of the chap who says the upkeep of his automobile is next to nothing."

"And he's in the same category with the man who says he never was sick a day in his life."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Restraints of Poverty.

A negro with a bad cut in his head came to a doctor. The doctor fixed him up, and as the man was about to depart the physician said: "That's a pretty bad cut in your head, Henry. Why don't you profit by this lesson and keep out of bad company in the future?"

"Well, I should like to, doctor," replied Henry sadly, "but, you see, I ain't got no money to get er divorce."

One Exception.

"No man can be always guarded in his conduct."

"I know of one class of men who can."

"Where are they?"

"In the penitentiary."—Baltimore American.

Mourning Friday.

It was not always called Good Friday. Years ago in Germany it was frequently referred to as Mourning Friday. Our early ancestors in England did not call it Good Friday, either, but Long Friday. Such is the term in an ancient ecclesiastical law about 1,000 years old. The Danes used the same name, Long, instead of Good Friday.

The reason for using the word "long" was doubtless found in the seeming endless and severe fast practiced that day. At one time the Spaniards emphasized the solemnity of Good Friday by closing all the churches.

Nowhere else that I have happened to be on a Good Friday was the day so solemnly observed as in Rome. The city seemed to be in mourning, making all the more inspiring the matchless services and singing in St. Peter's cathedral on Easter.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Anonymous Shakespeares.

Margaret Anglin had been playing Viola, Katharine and other Shakespearean heroines in the great theater at Melbourne, Australia, which had been crowded to the roof at every performance. But the time came to move on to a smaller city with a less sophisticated population, and her manager was assailed by doubts. He did not think Shakespeare would do. He proposed confining the repertory to modern plays. When she remonstrated he explained:

"They want to laugh."

"Then why not 'The Taming of the Shrew'?" Miss Anglin suggested.

He hesitated. Despair had him, but finally he replied, "Oh, well, we'll try it, but we mustn't let them know who wrote it."

"I had forgotten this incredible remark," says Miss Anglin, "until I arrived in the city to play, and there, to my horror, everywhere advertising was displayed announcing blithely that Miss Anglin would appear in a comedy, 'The Taming of the Shrew, by Immortal Bard.'"—American Magazine.

Our Mexican War.

Our Mexican war grew out of the annexation of Texas by the United States. Texas, having seceded from Mexico in 1836, was annexed to the United States in 1845. A dispute as to the boundary followed, and border trouble led up to the war. There had previously been outrages on Americans in Mexico and insults to the flag. President Polk in his message of 1846 said: "The files and records of the department of state contain conclusive proofs of numerous lawless acts perpetrated upon the property and persons of our citizens by Mexico and of wanton insults to our national flag." Other presidents had referred to these outrages, and Polk declared that "the history of no civilized nation in modern times has presented within so brief a period so many wanton attacks upon the honor of its flag and upon the property and persons of its citizens as have been borne by the United States from the Mexican authorities and people."

The Tale of a Dime.

The woman slipped a dime into the glove on her left hand. She would be at the subway in a moment, and the dime so placed would facilitate matters. As she entered the station the ring of a coin as it struck the pavement reached her ears. She saw a dime rolling at her feet.

A fat man also heard and saw it. Both stopped to pick it up. She was first. His hand only fanned the dust from the sidewalk.

"I beg your pardon," he said as he straightened up, rather red in the face.

"Not at all," she said. "I thank you for your courtesy." Then she hurried downstairs.

Seated in the train, her gloved hand involuntarily went up to her hair. A dime dropped into her lap. Then she understood.—Youth's Companion.

Infinitives Fearlessly Split.

The English of Henry James is remarkable not only for adverbs, but, like Robert Browning's, for infinitives fearlessly split. Most people split them by wedging in one word only, an adverb. But Henry James split one infinitive, at any rate, by four words interpolated, thus: "I have already missed my time to so much even as name properly," etc. Nor did he hesitate to stop upon that half of the infinitive which closes so many women's pretty phrase in accepting invitations, "Oh, thank you; I should love to." Henry James wrote, "We can't not accept this, and little enough on the whole do we want to." "Can't not," by the way, is very common in French, and other peculiarities of James' style also are Gallicisms.—London Chronicle.

Phil May's Habits.

The all night and next day habits of Phil May, the artist, have furnished material for many a story. Joe Taylor, the singer, said that he came across May one night and heard that the latter had not been to bed for four nights and days. He remonstrated, and May said: "Never mind, Joe; we'll make a bargain. Don't you lose any sleep on my account, and I'll promise that as soon as I feel tired I'll go to bed."

Hard Lines.

"De Verde, the poet, needs sympathy."

"Why?"

"When he was a boy he worked in a newspaper office emptying waste baskets, and now he fills them up."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Gold Beetles.

Remarkable gold beetles are found in Central America. The head and wing cases are brilliantly polished with a luster as of gold itself. To sight and touch they have all the appearance of metal, and each is worth from \$25 to \$50.

Not Very Filling.

Lady of the House—You say you haven't had anything to eat today? Tramp—Lady, if yer will believe me, de only ting I've swallowed terday is insult.—Boston Transcript.

Maddening Barrier.

"Is there anything between Jennie and young Jones?"

"Nothing that I know of except poverty."—Baltimore American.

No Objection.

Voice—Is this the weather bureau? How about a shower tonight? Prophet—Don't ask me. If you need one take it.—Chaparral.

Thrift ought to be taught as part of the alphabet of virtue.

—James J. Hill.

WILSON TALKS ON BUSINESS

IN BUSINESS THERE IS NO POLITICS, ALL IN SAME BOAT.

America Must Go After and Get the Business of the World.

President Wilson last week at a luncheon tendered by the Salesmanship Congress at Detroit, made an address on business conditions of the country and pointed the way for the future. Among other things he said: I have been interested in some things that have been said to me today. One who admitted that he found himself enjoying the companionship of Democrats. Now, I have long enjoyed the friendship and companionship of Republicans, because I am by instinct a teacher, and I would like to teach them something. We have been trying, some of us, for a good many years to teach in politics, as well as elsewhere, this lesson, that we are all in the same boat; we have common interests, and it is our business to understand and serve those common interests. The great difficulty that has confronted us, gentlemen, has often been that we have deliberately looked at these common interests from self-chosen angles which made them look as if some of us were separated from others and as if some of us wanted to depress business, for example, and others of us wanted to exalt business. I dare say that you have noticed that the same necessity to make a living is imposed upon Democrats as Republicans, and I dare say you are ready to believe that Democrats are just as willing to make a good living as Republicans. Therefore it seems to me logically to follow though I have been quoted as having no regard for logic, that Democrats are naturally as much interested in the business prosperity of the United States as anybody else.

I have never subscribed in any walk of life to the trustee theory. I have always been inclined to believe that the business of the world was best understood by those men who were in the struggle for maintenance not only, but for success. The man who knows the strength of the tide is the man who is swimming against it, not the man who is floating with it. The man who is immersed in the beginnings of business, who is trying to get his foothold, who is trying to get other men to believe in him and lend him money and trust him to make profitable use of that money, is the man who knows what the business conditions in the United States are; and I would rather take his counsel as to what ought to be done for business than the counsel of any established captain of industry. The captain of industry is looking backward and the other man is looking forward. The conditions of business change with every generation, change with every decade, are now changing at an almost breathless pace; and the men who have made good are not feeling the tides as the other men are feeling them. The men who have got into the position of captaincy, unless they are of unusual fiber, unless they are of unusually catholic sympathy, unless they have continued to touch shoulder with the ranks, unless they have continued to keep close communion with the men they are employing and the young men they are bringing up as their assistants, do not belong to the struggle in which we should see that every unreasonable obstacle is removed and every reasonable help afforded that public policy can afford.

So I invite your thoughts, in what I sincerely believe to be an entirely nonpartisan spirit, to the democracy of business. An act was recently passed in Congress that some of the most intelligent business men of this country earnestly opposed—men whom I knew, men whose character I trusted, men whose integrity I absolutely believed in. I refer to the Federal reserve act, by which we intended, and succeeded in, taking credit out of the control of a small number of men and making it available to everybody who had real commercial assets; and the very men who opposed that act, and opposed it conscientiously, now admit that it saved the country from a ruinous panic when the stress of war came on, and that it is the salvation of every average business man who is in the midst of the tides that I have been trying to describe. There is a task ahead of us of most colossal difficulty. We have not been accustomed to the large world of international business, and we have got to get accustomed to it right away. All provincials have got to take a back seat. All men who are afraid of competition have got to take a back seat. All men who depend upon anything except their intelligence and their efficiency have got to take a back seat. It will be interesting to see the sifting process go on. I have some men in mind to nominate for back seats, and I will not draw all of them from the same party. It will not need an act of Congress for that purpose. And some men are going to be surprised at the keenness of the air into which they are thrust out. They are going to be thrust out, and we are either going to make conquest, peaceful conquest, of the markets of the world or we are going to be prevented forevermore of boasting of the business ability of America. I have never been afraid of trusting an American business man out in the air, but some men have. They have said, "Give us a wall to crouch behind for fear those fellows should get us," and when it has come to finding out who was crouching behind the wall it was found that all sorts were crouching behind the wall—the capable and the incapable—and that the main object of the wall was to shelter the incapable. As an American, I am too proud to submit to anything like that. I believe that Americans can manufacture goods better than anybody else; that they can sell goods as honestly as anybody else; that they can find out the conditions and meet the conditions of foreign business better than anybody else, and I want to see them given a chance right away, and they will be whether I want them to be or not. We have been trying to get ready for it. The national banks of the United States, until the recent currency act, were held back by the very terms of the law under which they operated for some of the most important international transactions. To my mind that is one of the most amazing facts of our commercial history. The Congress of the United States was not willing that the national banks should have a latchkey and go away from home. They were afraid they would not know how to get back under cover, and banks from other countries had to establish branches where American bankers were doing business, to take care of some of the most important processes of international exchange. That is nothing less than amazing, but it is not necessary any longer. It never was necessary; it was only thought to be necessary by some eminently provincial statesmen. We are done with provincialism in the statesmanship of the United States, and we have got to have a view now and a horizon as wide as the world itself. And when I look around upon an alert company like this it seems to me in my imagination they are already waiting to be let loose upon this great race that is now going to challenge our abilities. For my part I shall look forward to the result with absolute and serene confidence, because the spirit of the United States is an international spirit if we conceive it right. This is not the home of any particular race of men. This is not the home of any particular set of political traditions. This is a home the doors of which have been opened from the first to mankind, to everybody who loved liberty, to everybody whose ideal was equality of opportunity, to everybody whose heart was moved by the fundamental instincts and sympathies of humanity. That is America, and now it is as if the nations of the world, sampled and united here, were in their new union and new common understanding turning about to serve the world with all the honest processes of business and of enterprise. I am happy that I should be witnessing the dawn of the day when America is indeed to come into her own.

Modern Methods in Post Offices.

The interest of people in public affairs is considerably heightened when they learn that the revenues of the Government are wisely and judiciously managed. A statement of economical expenditure which is susceptible of proof will always attract attention and please the thoughtful reader.

Among the varied industrial enterprises of the Post Office Department in Washington is an establishment devoted entirely to the manufacture of mail locks and the bag attachments used in mail transportation. When this administration came into power, the Department sorely needed an improved type of mail lock. The shop was immediately reorganized, placed on a business basis, and its activities enlarged so as to meet its imperative demand. Within a very short time a new and greatly improved lock had been devised and its production begun.

The lock in use weighed 5 1-2 ounces; the new one weighs 2 4-5 ounces. As 430,000 of this new product have been put into service, the difference in weight (the Government paying as much for the weight of equipment as it does for the mail itself) can be easily calculated. The locks replaced by this new and better style cost 21 cents each to make; those now being manufactured cost 8 1-2 cents, direct and indirect charges considered, the saving thus shown on original cost of production to date amounting to \$53,750. Of the old style, 36,000 were annually returned for repair at a cost of about 9 cents each. Of the new style, out of the great number sent into the service, but 906 have been returned, and as these new style locks can be repaired at a cost of 3 cents each, the annual saving on this item will amount to over \$2,100.

The Department has in this administration encouraged its employees to give their best service to the Government and many instances have recently come to notice where in the Department has greatly profited by this wise public policy. In the lock shop a recent achievement in this direction is an improved cord fastener, the work of three of its employees, for use on bags; also one designed for locking large quantities of parcel-post matter, which has heretofore been without this protection. It can be made at a very low price, requiring less material and a fewer number of operations. The significant part of this lies in the great number required in the service, between three and four millions, the output being 500,000 annually. As the cost has been reduced by the new method from 4 1-2 to 3 cents each, it will be seen what a splendid showing this makes for administrative economy.

Another valuable improvement has been the perfected locking cord fastener designed for use on tie sacks, something which the Department for years has needed and vainly endeavored to accomplish. This device will be of great value to the postal service at large by increasing the capacity and efficiency of mail bags to a degree difficult to estimate. The modern system of business methods and the proper encouragement of employees to take an active and earnest interest in their work, both of which desirable features this administration of the Department has favored and put into practice, is responsible for the many improvements made and the advantages gained.

Active experiments are constantly being made for the betterment of the service. For many years a tremendous expense has been the labeling of the immense quantity of mail bags in use. The form of label used in the past and still used by clerks all over the country is the doubling and refolding of what is known as a "facing slip." The preparations of these labels by the thousands has been and is an expensive proposition, yet there appears to have been no effort on the part of previous administrations to progress from the old method. Under present direc-

tion a perforated label in sheets and runs has been designed which is practically ready for use when furnished to employees. Every postal clerk in the country and thousands of post office employees will find this new method of great advantage and it will result in a large economy in the service.

There have also been some other notable improvements made, viz, the substitution of steel where brass was formerly used, at a very considerable lessening of expense; a device for fastening foreign mail pouches, doing away with the old-fashioned method of string and seal; a scheme for saving time by means of a simple holder which permits free and easy use without waste, and a flexible stamp design, for which the contract price was 34 cents, but which will now be made at a cost of but 8 cents. A mechanical pickup or facing table for use in facing and racking letters in first-class post offices has also been developed and will soon be perfected. This device is considered superior to those now in use and costs less than one-third as much to manufacture. Those at present in use cost approximately \$1,500.

It will thus be seen that the activities of the Post Office Department have been centered along lines which will not only produce large economies to the people of the country, but will also prove a great convenience to those in the service. During the past three years two objects have been kept constantly in view, viz, saving the public money wherever possible and serving the people to the fullest extent. There was room for great improvement and there has been much accomplished. It is but common justice to award due credit in these administrative reforms to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, in whose Bureau these measures of economy were developed and who has so faithfully devoted his time to that purpose.

Pointers for Lincoln Way Travelers.

Due to the heavy traffic which the Lincoln Highway is carrying this year, certain elementary road regulations are urged by the National Association for the mutual benefit of the tourists and the communities through which they pass.

Motorists from every state in the union are using the great transcontinental road and in the course of the journey across the country are encountering new conditions and situations which call for careful driving judgment.

The principal requisite on the part of the driver is a spirit of fair-mindedness and willingness to do his share in going half way to accommodate his fellow traveler. There is no room on the Lincoln Highway for the road hog and the joy rider.

The journey from coast to coast can be made without encountering grades that cannot be easily made with any standard make of automobile, but all cars should have properly adjusted brakes and good brake linings. The car to be used in a transcontinental trip should be in the best of condition before starting.

Careful driving will pay, and the right hand side of the road should be followed, especially on turns.

It is advisable to have a reliable horn and use it freely when necessary. Oncoming cars are frequently hidden by trees and turns in the road.

The lighting system on the tourist's car should be absolutely reliable as it is very essential on a strange road at night.

Decrease in Potato Crop.

The expected large increase in the acreage planted to potatoes on Pennsylvania farms this season has not materialized according to figures gathered throughout the State by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. Instead of an increase there has been noted a decrease of about three per cent, or 8,000 acres.

The condition of potatoes on July 1 was about 90 per cent. of the average and this indicates a total production in the State of about 18,030,812 bushels this year as compared with 20,502,000 bushels a year ago. Last year the average production per acre was 75 bushels, but this year, according to present conditions, this average will be reduced to about 8 bushels an acre. These figures may be increased with the August reports when more detailed figures upon actual crops can be secured.

Owing to the high price obtained for potatoes last fall and winter it was expected that the acreage would be largely increased, but the wet weather and condition of the ground at planting time made conditions so unfavorable that the results expected were not obtained.

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Gettysburg Woman.

Is your back lame and painful? Does it ache especially after exertion?

Is there a soreness in the kidney region? These symptoms suggest weak kidneys.

If so there is danger in delay. Weak kidneys get fast weaker. Give your trouble prompt attention.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Your neighbors use and recommend them.

Read this Gettysburg testimony. Mrs. H. H. Ridinger, 247 W. Middle St., Gettysburg, says: "Besides Doan's Kidney Pills having given fine benefit to one of my family, they have also been of great satisfaction to me. For severe backache and weak kidneys, such as I had, I don't believe any other medicine would give the fine results that Doan's Kidney Pills do. At any rate, they are the only kidney medicine that we use."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Ridinger had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED—Clean white rags at this office.

USE WORN-OUT PAVEMENTS AS FOUNDATIONS FOR NEW TOPS

Old Brick Streets Can Be Made Over at Small Expense by Addition of Asphalt Wearing Surfaces—Ohio Cities Show the Way.

This city has a large mileage of old brick streets that are in poor condition. But while the old brick is worse than useless as a pavement, it has a high value as a foundation. It would be the worst kind of waste to tear up and throw away the old brick instead of making it serve as a support for a new wearing surface. For by using the old brick as a foundation we can get a new pavement for a fraction of the cost of new construction from the ground up.

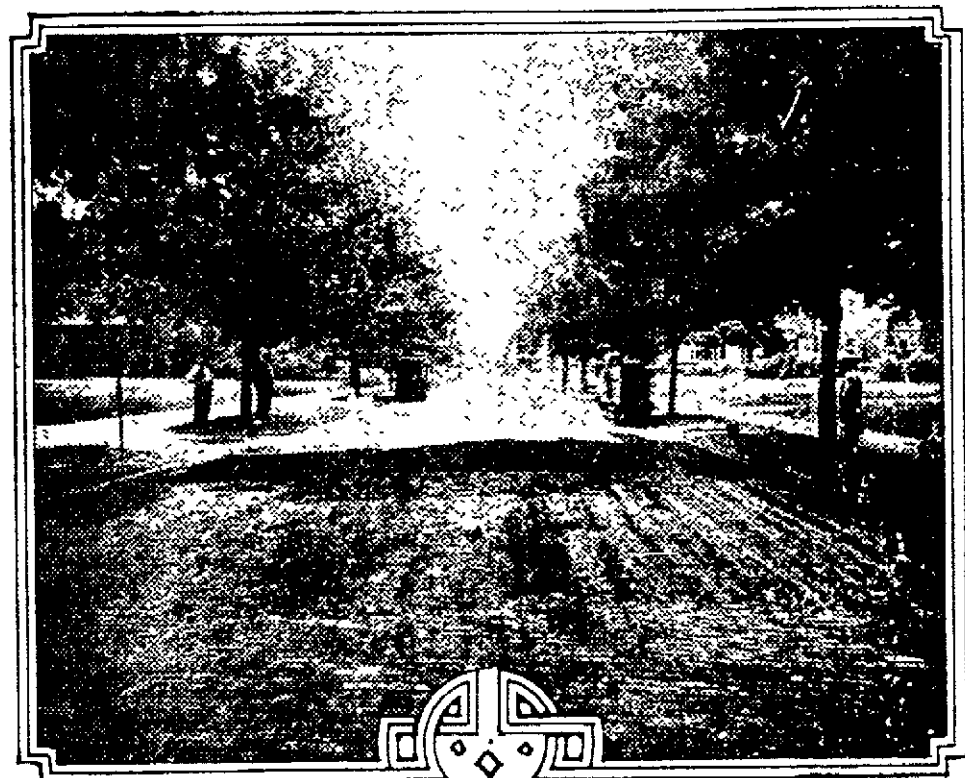
In a number of Ohio cities the taxpayers and officials were faced with exactly the same situation that confronts us. They had a lot of old-fashioned brick pavements, full of holes and depressions, and with the brick so badly worn on the edges that the pavements almost presented the appearance of a corduroy road. It was impossible to clean these pavements and to ride over them was a bone-racking experience.

The situation was met by resurfacing these old brick streets with sheet asphalt and asphaltic concrete.

To meet this demand Columbus did not tear up and throw away its old brick pavements. It resurfaced them with Trinidad sheet asphalt and they are as good as new to-day.

This resurfacing was done in 1912, and nearly four years' wear has proved the wisdom of the course adopted. Columbus has another remarkable example of the durability of asphalt resurfacing when properly done. This is Washington Avenue, which was resurfaced over old cobble stones 13 years ago and is still in good condition. The city engineer of Columbus is authority for the statement that not a cent has been expended for maintenance on Gay Street, although it has had heavy traffic.

Toledo likewise provides a number of examples of successful asphalt resurfacing over old brick. But one of the best examples is found in Youngstown. The job in this instance is Wicks Avenue, a business thoroughfare running through the center of the city. In 1896 this street was resurfaced with but one inch of sheet asphalt, was down ten



SHOWING HOW OLD STREETS CAN BE TRANSFORMED INTO NEW, NOISELESS, SANITARY PAVEMENTS AT MINIMUM COST.

The result after several years' wear is to show that construction of this kind, rightly done, provides a pavement as durable as those placed on a new concrete base.

When we come to think of it, why shouldn't this be the result? The old brick has reached a condition of stability that equals that of concrete.

Just as good a bond can be secured between the old brick surface and the new asphaltic top as can be obtained between a new concrete base and an asphalt wearing surface. Of course the work must be properly done, but if a few simple rules are followed we can be certain of good results because we know such results have been obtained elsewhere. We don't have to guess about it.

Take the experience of Columbus. On Gay Street and Sixth Street were historic brick pavements—good in their day perhaps, but now become almost a nuisance. Gay Street had become a heavily traveled business thoroughfare. Sixth Street was a better-class residence neighborhood. In both cases the demand was for a smooth, easily cleaned pavement in place of the nerve-racking brick.

years, and was then called unsatisfactory and unsuccessful on account of the uneven surface permitting crowding, and this, bear in mind, was but an inch sheet laid on old brick without any binder.

In 1906 this old one-inch coating was removed and relaid with an inch of binder and two inches of wearing surface. This, after over eight years of service, is in excellent condition and not a cent has been expended for repairs except where cuts were made for sewer or water connections.

Johnstown, Pa., has also met with complete success in resurfacing old brick pavements. Lexington, Ky., has had a similar experience. So has Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Peoria, Ill., and other cities. In all these cases, however, natural lake asphalt was used and the work was done by men who knew how to do it properly.

Assured of good materials, proper methods and good workmanship, taxpayers need not hesitate to approve a proposition to provide the money to make over our old brick streets into new sheet asphalt or asphaltic concrete pavements.

NEW DEEDS! NEW DEEDS!

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

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On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

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Chas. B. Stouffer, D.D.S.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John D. Keith
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd Floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

Charles E. Stable
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Balto. St., opposite Court House.

Wm. McClean, Wm. Arch. McClean
Late Pres. Judge.
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Law offices in Compiler Building, Balto. Street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

J. L. Williams
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

Wm. Herch
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court House.

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BUY DIRECT AND SAVE MONEY

DOUBLE SERVICE AUTO TIRES

Guaranteed 7000 Miles Service
PROOF AGAINST PUNCTURE

Double the thickness of the best standard makes of tires; average 10 or 12 layers of strong fabric, plus nearly one inch of tough tread rubber, 100 per cent. greater wearing depth and double the mileage, besides being practically puncture-proof.

Unqualified for severe service on rough and rugged roads, hard pavements and other places where tire troubles cannot be tolerated. Ride as easy as an ordinary pneumatic—air space and pressure being the same.

Used in U. S. Government and European War Service. Our output is limited, but we make the following low special introductory prices:

Tires Tubes		Tires Tubes	
30x3	\$8.60 \$2.30	35x4	\$17.45 \$4.65
30x3 1/2	10 85 3.10	35x4 1/2	21.20 5.60
32x3 1/2	12.75 3.20	36x4 1/2	22.50 5.75
33x4	15.75 4.20	37x4 1/2	23.60 6.20
34x4	16.70 4.35	37x5	26.30 6.60

Two or more to per cent. discount—non-skids to per cent. additional. All sizes—any type. Remit by draft, money order or certified personal check; acceptance of order optional with consignee.

Descriptive folder and complete price list mailed on request.

DOUBLE SERVICE TIRE & RUBBER CO.,
AKRON, O.—Dept. C 2.

WILSON'S REMEDY

EFFICIENT IN
BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA,
CATARRH, GRIPPE, TUBERCULOSIS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was sorely ill with lung trouble. My condition was directed to the Wilson Remedy which I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used Wilson's Remedy for 40 or 44 years and it cured me from ending my days with consumption. There would be no use of many people dying with consumption if they could be persuaded to try Wilson's Remedy."

If you are suffering from ANY lung or throat trouble it is your duty to investigate. Send for free full information to
Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

"HAIR-HOPE" ends GRAY HAIR

Restores Natural Color in few applications. Not a quick dye which gives a wind, streaked, unnatural look, but acts so naturally, gradually, one expects. No oil or grease. Does not stain scalp. Stops Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Falling Hair. Leaves Hair nice, soft, lustrous. No complaints—45 years sale. Will please you. Does the work right. No samples. Sent prepaid for \$1.00. R. S. Weaver, Jersey City, N. J.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with will annexed, on the estate of Adam C. Miller, late of the Township of Reading, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to
WM. C. WEAVER,
Administrator,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.

Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned application for the renewal of Certificate No. 129 for two shares of the capital stock of the Gettysburg and Harrisburg Railroad, issued to R. William Bream, and dated the 30th day of July 1891, the same having been lost or destroyed. Finder will please return to R. William Bream.
j154t

REPORT

Of the condition of the National Bank of Gettysburg, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	121,289.96
Overdrafts, unsecured	117.79
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	25,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc. owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same.....	22,062.50
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	\$2100.00
Less amount paid.....	1050.00
Banking house, \$3870.36; furniture and fixtures \$808.08	4,678.44
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	2,750.00
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	4,171.31
Due from banks and bankers	1,038.50
Outside checks and other cash items \$35.80; fractional currency, nickles and cents \$220.84	256.64
Notes of other Nat. Banks	170.00
Lawful money reserve in bank: Coin and certificates	3,057.70
Legal-tender notes	645.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$187,537.84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund	10,500.00
Undivided profits	1,574.75
Circulating notes	24,500.00
Individual deposits subject to check	25,848.26
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	3,263.49
Cashier's checks outstanding	189.55
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	96,561.78
Total	\$187,537.84

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, S. A. Skinner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. A. SKINNER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1916.

S. O'NEAL, N. P.
My commission expires May 16, 1917.
W. E. WOLF
JAMES C. COLE
DAVID T. KOSER
Directors.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	695,724.29
Overdrafts, unsecured	965.59
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	145,000.00
Other bonds to secure postal savings	2,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same	381,283.45
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank \$15,400.00 Less amount unpaid	7,700.00
Banking house \$46,500; furniture and fixtures \$8,500	55,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve Banks	21,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	3,959.11
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	10,873.83
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)	10,635.75
Outside checks and other cash items \$2502.61; fractional currency, nickels and cents \$505.85	3,008.46
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	4,167.23
Notes of other national banks	5,980.00
Lawful money reserve in bank: Coin and certificates	21,157.50
Legal-tender notes	15,500.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	7,250.00
Total	\$1,391,285.38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$145,150.00
Surplus fund	110,000.00
Undivided profits \$30,108.87 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid \$4,517.09	35,591.78
Circulating notes	143,700.00
Dividends unpaid	170.00
Demand deposits: Individual deposits subject to check	154,927.23
Certified checks	75.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	73,595.51
Postal savings deposit	208.48
Time Deposits: Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	787,867.38
Total	\$1,391,285.38

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of July, 1916.

W. M. L. MEALS, N. P.
Correct attest:
W. M. McSHERRY
C. L. LONGSDORF
WALTER H. O'NEAL
Directors.

"ROUGH ON RATS" ends RATS, MICE, Bugs, Die outdoors. Unbeatable Exterminator. Used World Over, by U. S. Gov't too. Economy Size 25c or 15c. Drug & Country Stores. Refuse substitutes. FREE. Comic Picture R. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

Littlestown Industries.

Several weeks ago The W. F. Taylor Company of Allentown, Pa., had a number of workmen install through the Littlestown Silk Company's mill an Automatic Fire Extinguisher system. Four inch pipes were placed throughout the mill with reducers to smaller sized pipes upon which are arranged every eight feet sprinklers. These open automatically by the heat of the fire melting the lead seals by which they are kept closed. As soon as these seals are destroyed the water begins to spray automatically. The system in the mill is fed by six inch mains, connected to the tower mains which lead to a ninety foot steel tower which has been erected at the rear of the mill building. The tank which will be placed upon this tower by the America Tower and Tank Company of Cleveland will be of wood 17 feet in diameter and 16 feet high with a capacity of 25,000 gallons of water. The tower and tank will be completed within the next week and connected up to the system in the mill. The installation of a system of this type is estimated to cost \$12,000.

Within the last week Eline Bros. have had a force of men busy rushing the work on the new building to be occupied by the Littlestown Foundry and Hardware Company, at the rear of Charles street. The building which is a one story brick structure, was delayed in the course of its erection on account of the contractors not being able to get lumber for the roof. The material has arrived and by the end of the week Littlestown is expected to have a house for its new industry. The Littlestown Foundry and Hardware Company will be under the management of Snyder Brothers of Wrightsville who are in the novelty business in that borough and will run it in connection with the foundry.

—L. N. Lightner, Baltimore street has gone to Dayton, Ohio, to visit his son Dr. Harry Lightner

WANTED: Six experienced peach packers. State wages; give references. Apply WILSON E. SCHMICK, Hamburg Pa. j15-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Lucy A. Newkaffer, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to me, undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate to present the same duly authenticated to
JOHN E. SHARETTES,
Gettysburg Pa., R. D. No. 2
Administrator.

Or His Atty.
Chas. E. Stahl, Esq.

SPECIAL JULY PRICES

50c and 75c Boys' Wash Suits,
Now Special 39c

Boys' Wash Suits worth up to \$1.50.
Now Special 69c

\$1.50 and \$2.00 Men's newest Straw Hats,
Now Special 98c and \$1.28.

Ladies' \$1.50 and \$2.00, Low Shoes, Pumps and Oxfords.
Now Special 69c and 89c

Men's and Ladies' \$1.50 to \$2.50 Oxford ties of all kinds 75 pairs to choose from,
Now Special \$1.00

Men's \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 High Grade Oxford Ties of all kinds, Black and Russet,
Now Special \$1.69

Men's High Grade Crawford Oxfords in Tan Calf, \$4.00 value.
Now Special \$2.69

Ladies' and Misses' high or low Shoes in white canvas, worth up to \$1.50.
Now Special 69c and 89c

We can save you 25 to 35 per cent on Mens' and Boy's Clothing and Furnishing Goods Come and be convinced.

Lewis E. Kirssin
Balto. St. Gettysburg

NOTICE

To Stockholders of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

By direction of the Board of Trustees a meeting of the Stockholders of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School will be held Wednesday, July 26, at 2 p. m., at the Normal School, Shippensburg, Pa.

The purpose of this meeting is to authorize the Board of Trustees to enter into negotiations with the State Board of Education of Pennsylvania for the transfer of all the property of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to authorize the Board of Trustees to sell and convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all the property, real and personal of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School, and to transact such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

GEO. S. McLEAN,
Secretary.

You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference. L. BROWN, 66 Murray St., New York City.

\$1.25 Round Trip

Rail and Sail Excursion
—TO—

To Chester Beach

THE GRAND FAMILY RESORT
ON CHESAPEAKE BAY

Sunday, July 23.

Boating—Bathing—Crabbing
Great Time for Everyone.

Special Train leaves Gettysburg - - - - - 6.50 a. m.

Western Maryland Ry.

See Flyers—Consult Ticket Agent.

G. W. Weaver & Son

G. W. Weaver & Son

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT STORE.

The July Clearance Sale Now On

A STOCK OF \$55,000.00

MUST be cleared of goods now seasonable to use, but which will soon be out of season to sell. Thousands of yards of white and colored Wash Fabrics of every character, under the earlier season's prices. HOUSEHOLD DRY GOODS---REMNANTS, ODDS AND ENDS left from brisk selling of Silks, Wool Dress Goods, etc., etc.



READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Clean-up on Suits, Skirts, Waists of Lingerie and Silks, Lingerie and Silk Dresses, etc., etc.

In this CLEARANCE SALE stock it is impossible to give descriptions and prices, as the very thing you might get in your mind might be sold out when you come for it.

Our regular customers know what these sales have been in the past. This is a greater sale in volume of goods than any before, as all of this great stock was bought to save price advances and in some instances we got too much of it.

\$18,000.00 WORTH OF CARPETS, RUGS, AND DRAPERIES

At a full fourth less than the market of today. The Greatest Carpet Department in Southern Pennsylvania. Porch Shades, Porch Rugs, etc., all sizes.

G. W. Weaver & Son
Gettysburg : : : : : Pennsylvania

Gettysburg Compiler

Gettysburg, Pa.

Wm. Arch. McLean, Editor

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1916.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WOODROW WILSON.

For United States Senator,
ELLIS L. ORVIS.

For State Treasurer,
JAMES M. CRAMER.

For Auditor General,
JAMES B. MURRIN.

For Congress,
A. R. BRODBECK.

For State Senator,
THOMAS J. BRERETON.

For Assemblyman,
D. C. RUDISILL.

DEMOCRACY IS THE PROGRESSIVE POWER.

President Wilson in replying to a letter from a progressive leader replied:

"For myself I sincerely desire and have tried to deserve the support of all progressive, forward looking men. I believe and I think that recent experience has confirmed the belief that the Democratic party represents a larger part of the progressive power and thought of the country than any other party and that it can be made the instrument and is being made the instrument of leadership in the direction which all men who love justice and progress much wish to take.

"It is for that reason I am proud to be its nominee and to have the opportunity to lead it."

Members of the Progressive party appreciate the progressive accomplishments of President Wilson and are flocking to his support. One of the progressive leaders has announced his support of President Wilson as follows:

"Have always voted the Republican ticket but a man like Wilson deserves the support of every real American."

M. E. Hunter of Massachusetts has voted for Colonel Roosevelt, has written President Wilson of his support, saying:

"From my viewpoint Mr Wilson's administration has been a success in a most critical period of the country's and world's history. It has proved that crises can be met by diplomatic acts. Wilson has saved this country so far from much more trouble than the public knows. He has been and is being abused for political reasons."

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Democratic National Committee-man A. Mitchell Palmer announced Monday the nominees for presidential electors in the State of Pennsylvania, certified by Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic presidential candidate.

Electors.

Samuel S. Fels, Philadelphia
Simon P. Light, Lebanon.
Isaiah Shelton, Altoona.
Webster Grim, Doylestown.
Joseph H. Reilly, Philadelphia.
John A. McKinney, Clarion.

Congressional District Electors.

1st, Joseph L. Galen.
2nd, William Hancock.
3rd, John E. Hagan.
4th, Henry C. Kline.
5th, Emanuel R. Clinton.
6th, Theodore F. Jenkins.
7th, Frank B. Rhoads.
8th, Nelson M. Trout.
9th, Jacob Fentz.
10th, Edward Wierfield.
11th, John J. Shigo.
12th, James A. Moeker.
13th, William M. Zeechman.
14th, A. H. Kingsbury.
15th, N. M. Edwards.
16th, Lloyd B. Skeer.
17th, John A. Diehl.
18th, Samuel Kunkel.
19th, Harry S. Bender.
20th, Allen C. Wiest.
21st, Henry Meyer.
22nd, James S. Moorehead.
23rd, Daniel W. McDonald.
24th, Charles M. Ruben.
25th, Fred L. Woode.
26th, Wesley M. Neiberger.
27th, Don C. Corbett.
28th, Frank D. McCue.
29th, John Voelker.
30th, A. P. Burgwin.
31st, Hermann Obernauer.
32nd, Thomas H. Flinn.

PALMER ON ISSUES.

National Committeeman A. Mitchell Palmer at the meeting in Philadelphia on Monday organizing in the State for the campaign sounded the keynote in a thrilling speech. He was cheered for fully three minutes and said in part:

"This is the first meeting of this campaign. I did not come down here to talk politics, but to enlist for the war. I want to be mustered into that great army of Democrats which shall march to victory in 1916."

"Speaking of the vote in Philadelphia he said that he knew there were as many Democrats as ever but that they had not been coming to the front on election day, he said: 'Well, you can send this message out to the State as a deal, that I will promise

Blood Medicine

"That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.



WOODROW WILSON.

President Wilson on Monday signed the rural credits bill passed by Congress. A group of Senators, Representatives and officers of farmers' organizations applauded warmly as Mr. Wilson affixed his signature.

Just before signing the measure which creates a system of twelve land loan banks under direction of a federal board, the President made a short address, pointing out the benefits he believed both farmers and the investing community would enjoy under its operation.

"On occasions of this sort," said the President, "there are so many things to say that one would despair of saying them briefly and adequately, but I cannot go through the simple ceremony of signing this bill without expressing the feeling that I have in signing it. It is a feeling of profound satisfaction not only but of real gratitude that we have completed this piece of legislation. I hope it will be immensely beneficial to the farmers of the country."

"The farmers, it seems to me, have occupied a singular position of disadvantage. They have not had the same freedom to get credit as

their real estate that others have had who were in manufacturing and commercial enterprises and while they have sustained our life they did not in the same degree with some others share in the benefits of that life.

"Therefore this bill along with the very liberal provisions of the federal reserve act puts them upon an equality with all others who have genuine assets and makes the great credit of the country available to them. One cannot but feel that this is delayed justice to them, and not but feel that it is a very gratifying thing to play any part in doing this act of justice. I look forward to the benefits of this bill not with extravagant expectation that it will be of very wide reaching benefits and incidentally, it will be of advantage to the investing community, for I can imagine no more satisfactory and solid investments than this system will afford those who have money to use."

"I sign the bill therefore, with real emotion and am very glad to be honored by your presence and supported by your feelings. I have no doubt that I have said regarding it."

that if your organization in this city will produce a portrait of 70,000 to 80,000 we will multiply it by five in the western part of the State. This is an occasion when we can hold our heads, proud of the achievements of the party, with a record of the present. We seek the recommendation of the people on the basis of what has been accomplished. We have not picked our candidates out of the cold storage of oblivion."

"The Republicans have picked two men for whose nomination they can advance but one justifiable claim and that is that they were politically available. In the State Mr. Palmer declared that even now the people were ill at ease at having cast their votes as they did at the last election. They elected a United States Senator who is not representing the people because he has been in Washington attending the deliberations of the body to which he was sent but four times since December and they have elected a Governor at whose gyrations in the State honest people hang their heads in shame."

After prophesying a victory in the nation if the co-operation were carried to its ultimate results, Mr. Palmer explained that the greatest opportunity lay in the building up of an organization to which the people could turn with confidence.

SHORT CAMPAIGN.

The Democratic notification ceremony will not take place until after Congress adjourns, which will have the effect to make a short campaign. President Wilson decided this week to change the tentative plan of holding notification ceremonies August 5 until after Congress adjourns.

The decision was announced by Vance McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, who issued this statement after a conference with the president:

"I found the president embarrassed by the thought that he ought not to turn to politics until the business of this congressional session was over. Of course, it is possible that the session may last so long as to make it impracticable to wait until its close for the notification, particularly as the president feels it to be of the utmost importance that the child labor and the workmen's compensation bill be passed at this session; but the president feels it to be his duty to postpone the notification ceremony if possible until the adjournment of congress."

Mr. McCormick also announced that the notification would be at Shadow Lawn, the president's summer home in New Jersey. He said Mr. Wilson wanted to entirely dispose of the business before congress before throwing himself wholly into the political situation.

Hoffman Orphanage Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the Hoffman Orphanage, near Littlestown, Pa., will be held next Thursday, July 27. The anniversary this year promises to be larger than ever. The program is more varied, consisting of pantomimes, drills, songs and recitations by the children.

Dr. Theo. F. Herman of Lancaster, Pa., will be the speaker of the day. He is well qualified to entertain and inspire the large audience that will assemble. Special music has also been provided.

The management has arranged to

have a few athletic events run off during the morning, starting at ten o'clock. There will probably be a game of baseball by the boys of the institution.

The dinner will be served as usual at 11:30 a. m. The program of the day will begin promptly at 1:30, but the grounds will be open to the public at 8 o'clock.

Provisions have been made to convey the visitors from Gettysburg and Littlestown to the Orphanage, at the usual fare.

The institution is growing; the anniversary crowds are growing, many making the trip in automobiles. Remember, Thursday, July 27th, the Hoffman Orphanage anniversary.

State Inspector Offers Services.

E. J. Peirce Crop Pest Inspector of the Department of Agriculture, offers his services to orchardists, farmers, truckers, &c., of the vicinity of Gettysburg and will assist those applying to him to prevent or control insect or fungous enemies of trees, plants, vines, vegetables, farm crops, starved grains, &c.

Owners of mills, warehouses, grain bins, &c., infested with anguinous grain moth or weevil, can get his services by applying to him for one week at the Pitzer House, Gettysburg. Mr. Peirce has been a nursery, orchard and green house worker for 35 years and an employee of the State Agricultural Department for the past nine years. He will assist and superintend the work of fumigating hotels or private residences for the eradication of bed bugs, roaches, ants, &c. As there is a certain amount of danger in the use of hydrocyanic acid gas by those not accustomed to it.

WEDDINGS.

Munchel—Carbaugh.—Miss Annie Carbaugh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Carbaugh of Berlin Junction, and George Munchel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Munchel of York, were married at a nuptial mass Wednesday morning by the bride's pastor, Rev. Mark Stock, in the immaculate Conception Church, New Oxford. Father Breckley of York, the groom's pastor, assisted in the ceremony. While the many wedding guests assembled, the church organist, Miss Anna Staub, gave a brief recital. The bride was becomingly attired in a gown of imported pink voile and a picture hat. She carried pink roses. Alphonsus Carbaugh, a brother of the bride, was best man. Immediately following the ceremony a reception dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents in Berlin Junction. Mr. and Mrs. Munchel left on a short honeymoon trip and upon their return will reside in York.

Groft—Strausbaugh.—A pretty wedding was solemnized at Conecago Chapel Tuesday morning when Miss Genevieve Strausbaugh became the bride of Guy J. Groft. The ceremony was performed at a nuptial high mass by Rev. Charles Koch. The attendants were Clarence Weirman of McSherrystown, and Miss Ruth Smith of Littlestown. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Strausbaugh of near Littlestown. The groom, the eldest son of Councilman and Mrs. T. V. Groft, of McSherrystown, is a graduate of the York Business School and is employed as

bookkeeper for the H. J. Roth Cigar Company of McSherrystown. Mr. and Mrs. Groft will reside at the home of the bride's parents for the present.

Riggs—Kuhn.—At St. Francis Xavier Church, Gettysburg, Tuesday morning, Miss Helen M. Kuhn and George H. Riggs, both of Gettysburg, were married by the Rev. Fr. W. F. Boyle. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Kuhn of McSherrystown and Mr. Riggs is a son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Riggs. They will reside in Gettysburg.

Wisler—Schlosser.—At the Reformed Church parsonage in Arcadustville, Wednesday, Lloyd M. Wisler of Biglerville, R. D. 2, and Miss Emma E. Schlosser of Arcadustville, were married by Rev. T. C. Hesson.

Eyler—Kipe.—Miss Hazel Kipe, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Kipe, and Frank Eyler, son of Rev. and Mrs. D. C. Eyler of Fountain Dale, were quietly married Wednesday evening, the bridegroom's father performing the ceremony.

McMillan—Saum.—At the rectory of St. Ignatius Church, Buchanan Valley, on Wednesday, Rev. P. F. Sullivan married Miss Blanche J. Saum of Willow Grove, this county, and William M. McMillan of Fairfield.

Nissley—Cashman.—On Saturday, July 15, Charles H. Nissley, a graduate of Gettysburg College in class of 1912, and a resident of Elizabethtown, Pa., and Miss Grace Cashman, daughter of the late J. E. Cashman, who until his death was one of the leading members of the Vermont bar, were married in the Brick Presbyterian Church of Rochester by Rev. Hallock. They will reside in Elizabethtown.

John Dettler of East Berlin has purchased the Jacob Krone farm in Washington township, York county. This was formerly the Howard Dettler place and contains 44 acres. The purchase price was \$3350, with possession on next spring.

NOTICE.

The Board of Viewers of Adams County in re Road Case No. 1, and Sessions 1916, Pleasant Township, from a road leading from Lincoln way to Cedar Ridge, to a point on the line from Fishtown to the town of Adams.

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing in the above mentioned road case will be held by the Board of View in the Arbitration Room in the Court House, at Gettysburg, on TUESDAY, the 8TH day of AUGUST, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested who see fit to attend will be heard.

BOARD OF VIEWERS.

By their Attorney,
C. W. STONER.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Peter Kire, late of the township of Franklin, Adams county, Pa. deceased have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to:

SADIE A. FLECK,
Gettysburg, R. 5,
Adams Co., Pa.
Administratrix.

Or her Attys.,
Butt & Butt

70 CENTS
Round Trip
Lutheran Re-Union
PEN-MAR PARK
Thursday, July 27
Special train leaves Gettysburg
9:04 A. M. Returning leaves
Pen-Mar 5:50 P. M.
Western Maryland Ry.
Consult Ticket Agent

KELSEY HEALTH HEAT

WHAT I particularly want to do is: explain to you fully just why the Kelsey Health Heat is the healthy health heat is.

Then I want to tell you something about the coal it saves, and exactly why it saves it.

The Kelsey will give the most heat from the least coal. I can prove it.

Come and get the proofs. Send for booklet, "Some Saving Sense on Heating."

T. J. Winebrenner
257 Balto. St., Gettysburg

FRESH KELSEY HEALTH HEAT

RAILROAD WAGES

Shall they be determined by Industrial Warfare or Federal Inquiry?

(To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employees on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employees is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employees.

On all the Eastern Railroads in 1915, seventy-five per cent of the train employees earned these wages (lowest, highest, and average of all) as shown by the payroll—

	Passenger		Freight		Yard	
	Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
Engineers .	\$1641	\$1931	\$1385	\$1783	\$1303	\$1543
	3224		2392		2178	
Conductors	1553	1831	1552	1642	1145	1315
	3004		2901		1591	
Firemen .	951	1128	933	1102	752	935
	1704		1762		1533	
Brakemen .	957	1141	862	973	834	1085
	1707		1521		1635	

The average yearly wage payments to all Eastern train employees (including those who worked only part of the year as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers	\$1726	\$1543	\$1384
Conductors	1724	1494	1238
Firemen	1033	932	844
Brakemen	1018	853	990

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employees) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employees' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways		
ELISHA LEE, Chairman.	A. S. GREIG, Asst. to President,	St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
P. R. ALDRICH, Gen'l Manager,	C. W. KOUSS, Gen'l Manager,	Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
Gen'l Manager,	Atchafalpa, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.	
L. W. BAILEY, Gen'l Manager,	B. W. McMASTER, Gen'l Manager,	Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad.
Central of Georgia Railway.	N. D. MAHER, Vice-President,	Norfolk and Western Railway.
C. L. BARDO, Gen'l Manager,	JAMES RUSSELL, Gen'l Manager,	Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.	A. M. SCHUYLER, Resident Vice-Pres.	Pennsylvania Lines West.
E. H. COOPERMAN, Vice-President,	W. L. SEDDON, Vice-President,	Seaboard Air Line Railway.
Southern Railway.	A. J. STONE, Vice-President,	 Erie Railroad.
E. E. CROWLEY, Asst. Vice-President,	C. S. WAID, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Manager,	Seacoast Central Lines.
New York Central Railroad.		
G. B. EATKINSON, Gen'l Manager,		
Great Northern Railway.		
C. B. EWING, Gen'l Manager,		
Philadelphia & Reading Railway.		
E. W. FRICK, Asst. to President,		
Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.		

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On Saturday, the 19th day of August, 1916, the undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams County Trustee to sell the real estate of F. W. Morrison, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will sell the following described real estate:

TRACT NO. 1. A tract of land located at the village of Hunterstown, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Presbyterian Church, Dr. J. R. Dickson, James F. Bell, Mrs. M. E. Zinn and others, containing seventy-five acres, more or less, improved with two two-story weatherboarded houses, bank barn, buggy shed, hog pen, chicken house and other necessary outbuildings; an excellent well of water at the house and running water at the barn. This property has on it a small apple orchard and some cherry trees. This farm contains about ten acres of young oak and hickory timber, and the balance is tillable land under good state of cultivation.

TRACT NO. 2. A tract of land situate in the same township, county and state, adjoining lands of Presbyterian Church, Dr. J. R. Dickson, William B. McIlhenny, Reliance Mining and Milling Company, J. L. Taughinbaugh and others, containing twenty acres, more or less, unimproved, but in a good state of cultivation.

TRACT NO. 3. A tract of land situate in Hunterstown, Adams coun-

ty, Pa., adjoining lands of J. L. Taughinbaugh on the east, Presbyterian parsonage on the north, Maria Inglebert, G. R. Thompson, Henry Little and Galloway heirs on the west, and Hammon Brothers on the south, improved with a two and one-half story frame house, with out-kitchen attached, new barn with wagon shed attached, shop, chicken house and other necessary outbuildings; an excellent well of water is located conveniently for use at the house and never failing spring located about fifty yards from the house. This property contains bearing apple trees, pear trees, cherry trees and other small fruits.

TRACT NO. 4. A tract of land situate in the same township, county and state, adjoining lands of W. D. Taughinbaugh on the west, Boras Deatrick on the east, public alley on the south and north, improved with a two story brick house, frame barn, hog pen and other necessary buildings.

Sale will commence at 1:30 p. m. on tract No. 1, when attendance will be given and terms made known by G. D. MORRISON, Trustee.

Cases of Summer Complaint.

Stomach and Intestinal disturbances are frequently corrected by the use of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They tend to cleanse the intestinal tract and promote digestion. Used by Mothers for 28 years. All druggists sell them, 25c.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Louis Wolf, late of Abbotstown Borough, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHAS. S. WOLF,
Executor,
Or his attorney, East Berlin, Pa.
Wm. Arch. McClean.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Ross White, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JOHN REED SCOTT,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. H. Berry, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHESTER O. CHRONISTER,
Executor,
Hampton, Adams Co., Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of F. W. Morrison, late of the Township of Straban, Adams County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

G. W. MORRISON,
Administrator,
Hunterstown.
Or his attorneys,
BUTT & BUTT,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Bream, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

H. J. BREAM,
Executor,
Idaville, Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

CAN YOU TALK TEMPERANCE?

If so, you can sell Insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn \$100 to \$200 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necessary. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the Drunkard. PROMOTION and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men that make good.

John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Cletus Chronister and family have moved from Jacob's Mill to Abbotstown where they will make their home in the future.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Twenty men are employed by the Southern Oil Company concreting the large oil pipes across the Orts Dam north of East Berlin.

"URIC ACID NEVER CAUSED RHEUMATISM"

I WANT to prove it to your satisfaction. If you have Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic—no matter what your condition—write today for my FREE BOOK on "RHEUMATISM—its Cause and Cure." Thousands call it "The most wonderful book ever written." Don't send a stamp—it's ABSOLUTELY FREE.

DEPT. 941 JESSE A. CASE
Brocton, Mass.

YOU should have a Kanawha or a Red Jacket Pump because they are SO EASY TO WORK—SO EASY TO FIX. A child can operate them, and when repairs are needed, you can easily do the work yourself. When your well is properly fitted with a KANAWHA (wood) or RED JACKET (iron) PUMP, you are assured of having the best. Over forty years of success fully prove that we will build it correctly. Send for our illustrated catalog. If your dealer cannot supply you—write direct.

KANAWHA PUMP WORKS
Baltimore, Md.

To The Farmers and Poultry Breeders

We are prepared to granulate corn and wheat into pure Baby Chick Feed, any size desired. We will keep on hand all grades of Poultry Feed at 2 cents per pound; Corn Meal 1 cent per pound. By using our pure Corn feed there will be 25 per cent less fatality among the chicks. We handle White Diarrhoea, Gap, Roup, Cholera, Limberback, and Lice Remedies.

S. S. W. Hammers

BODY'S TEMPERATURE GAUGE OF HEALTH



Twice a day all the patients, big and little, at the State Sanatoria at Mont Alto, Cresson and Hamburg, have records of their temperatures and pulse made by the nurses. This is the guide for the doctors who go over the individual charts of each patient daily. The temperature and pulse are the guides which they follow and they indicate whether the healing of the diseased area is progressing satisfactorily.

A daily rise of temperature for any extended period should be regarded by anyone as an indication of some radical disturbance which requires immediate attention, and a physician should be consulted.

The body is so delicately adjusted that the temperature of 98.5 is maintained when one is in good health regardless of the external heat and cold. Whenever there is any deviation from this it is a danger sign.

Sing a Song of Sixpence.

The London Globe's explanation of the rime "Sing a Song of Sixpence" is: "The four and twenty blackbirds represent the four and twenty hours. The bottom of the pie is the world. The top crust represents the sky. The opening of the pie is the dawn of the day, when the birds begin to sing, and surely such a sight is fit for a king. The king in his counting house counting out his money is the sun. The money the king is counting represents the golden sunshine. The queen, who sits in the parlor, is the moon. The honey she is eating is the moonlight. The industrious maid who is working in the garden before the sun has risen is the day dawn, and the clothes she hangs out are clouds. The bird that so tragically ends the song by nipping off her nose is the hour of sunset."

Pain and Appendicitis.

That pain at what doctors call "McBurney's point" is not, as generally believed, proof of appendicitis was demonstrated before a Texan medical society recently by Dr. P. I. Nixon of San Antonio in an address published in the Medical Record.

Dr. Nixon told the history of several cases in which operation proved the diagnosis of appendicitis to have been erroneous and of one in which an exploratory operation proved appendicitis to be the trouble when there was no pain over McBurney's point. This is situated low down on the right side of the abdomen.

It takes a combination of several different symptoms together to warrant a certain diagnosis of appendicitis.

No Pedestal For Him.

"Whatever you do," said Senator Sorghum to his faithful campaign assistant, "don't let my friends overdo it in representing me as a great and lofty figure. Don't let them put me on a pedestal."

"What's the matter with a pedestal?"

"I have been studying the statuary in the park. Putting a man on a pedestal generally means that he'll have to stay out in the cold by himself."—Washington Star.

His Testimonial.

Ananias—Is the Junction House a good hotel? Job—Why, I wouldn't even lodge a complaint there.—Dartmouth Jack o' Lantern.

Some people are so fond of ill luck that they run halfway to meet it.—Douglas Jerrold.

LAWS THAT ARE NOT LAWS.

Many Statutes in England That Simply Could Not Be Enforced.

There are many written laws in England which the unwritten law permits us to break. One of the most surprising of these is playing football. Strictly speaking, football is illegal.

"Whereas there has been heretofore great disorder caused by a company of lewd and disorderly persons using that unlawful exercise of fute ball at their pleasures" are the opening words of an act of parliament passed in 1602, and any one who "uses that unlawful exercise" is still liable to a fine of twelve pence.

"Why don't you take the pledge?" This piece of advice is offered every day by magistrates to what the police call "confirmed drunks" when they appear in the courts, and excellent advice it is. But, all the same, in offering it the magistrate is breaking a law himself.

According to an act of Edward VI.'s reign, which has never been repealed, people who conspire with or induce others to abstain from certain drinks and foods are liable to imprisonment as rogues and vagabonds. You may take the pledge yourself, but you may not advise other people to.

Do you go to the theater? Of course you do. And do you stay to see the last act? Again, of course, you do. But by witnessing that last act you are breaking the law.

An act which has been on the statute book for more than 200 years declares that persons assembling or causing other persons to assemble in any "booth, theater or place of public entertainment" after 10 o'clock in the evening are violating the written law.—Pearson's.

English and French. It is truly a graceful speech, the French tongue. Plain, homely things of life, so bald and bare and disheartening in the Anglo-Saxon, are less unlovely in the French. Indeed, the French word for "rags" is so pretty that we have conferred chignon on one of our daintiest fabrics. But in the grace of the language lies also its weakness. It does not rise to the supreme utterances. I have been reading the Bible texts on the tombstones in the little cemetery of Chardonne. "L'Éternel est mon berger" can never rank in loftiness with "The Lord is my shepherd"—nor "Que votre cœur ne se trouble point" with "Let not your heart be troubled."—Baltimore American.

Overlooked. Wife—Mabel has just informed me that she is going to be married.

Husband—Have you seen the young man?

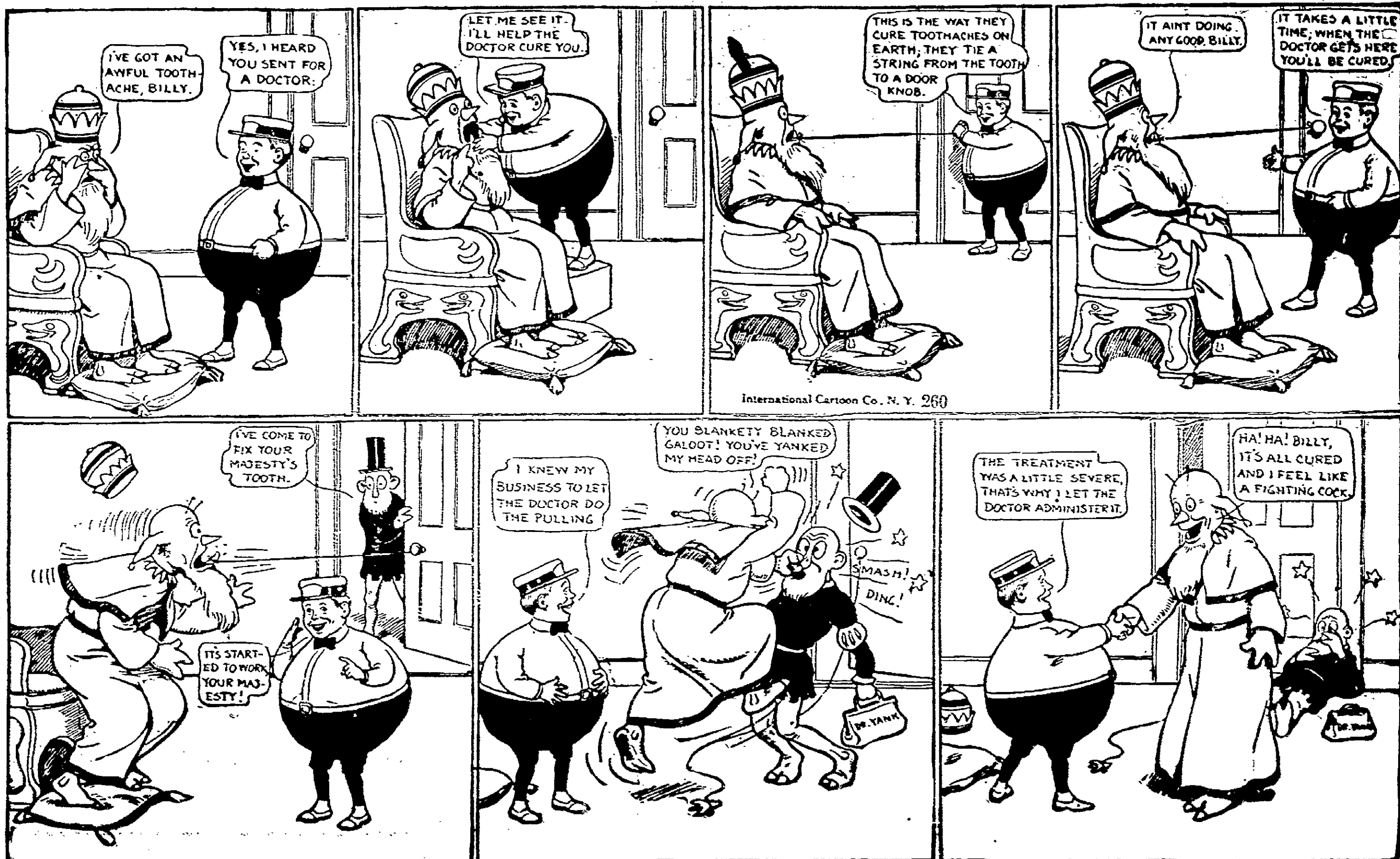
"Not yet."

"Um! Considering that she is our daughter, don't you think she should have consulted us first?"

"But you must remember, dear, that the girls of today are so thoughtless!"—Life.

Poetry. "Write poetry by all means," a professor in the University of Minnesota has encouraged his class boldly. "But don't show it to any one," he adds, establishing his right to be called not only diplomatic, but a sincere worker for the general welfare.

BILLY BOUNCE CURES THE KING'S TOOTHACHE.



A SLIGHT MISTAKE

An Episode of Shakedown City

By F. A. MITCHEL

The wild and woolly west is now a thing of the past. If gun play, public gambling and horse stealing are in vogue in any part of the United States we hear nothing of them. But the probability is that these things have died out before the advance of civilization and the consequent setting up of the church and the schoolhouse.

Before the dawn of this new condition, when all sorts of persons—good, bad and indifferent—were crowding into a country not yet abandoned by the Indian, when every man was expected to look out for his own interests, it is remarkable, in some instances laughable, what small things men would fight about.

In a settlement west of the Missouri river some forty years ago, where there was but one woman to a dozen men among the inhabitants, Cyrus Atkins was out beyond the borders of the town looking for stray cattle when up the road came a woman driving a rattlerap buggy. Whether she was fair to look upon is not a matter of certainty, for any woman not a fright was beautiful in the eyes of men who were constantly looking on their own sex only. Certain it is that this person driving toward the settlement was beautiful in Cyrus Atkins' eyes.

"How do, ma'am," he said, putting his hand to his sombrero.

"How do," was the laconic reply.

"Air you from the settlement?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Any chance for anybody to make a livin' there?"

"Reckon, but a good lookin' woman like you don't need to make a livin'."

"All she has to do is to pick out a husband and let him do it for her."

"Suppose the husband can't make a livin' for himself?"

"Then, I reckon, the wife 'ud have to do it for both."

"Just so."

The woman, who had an independent air about her, whipped up her horse and left Mr. Atkins standing beside the road gaping after her. He was thinking that as soon as she got into the settlement, which was called Shakedown City—all settlements appended the word "city" to their name in that country at that time—she would be surrounded by half the men with offers of marriage. He hesitated whether to go on searching for his cat, or go back at once and put in his application. At that moment he spied one of his lost animals in the distance. This decided him, and he concluded to lose an hour or so in putting in his application for the sake of getting his cattle.

When the woman reached the borders of Shakedown City she encountered Enoch Dollittle.

"Any tavern in the town?" she asked him.

"Yes, ma'am," was the reply.

"Tain't much of a place for a good lookin' woman like you to stop at, see in there's nuthin' but men around."

"Well, I reckon I got to stop there, see in I don't know nobody in the town."

"There's a few married women in Shakedown. I know one of 'em that I reckon'll take you in."

"Where does she live?"

"I'll show you."

Mr. Dollittle walked along beside the buggy to a house where a frowsy woman was washing dishes, and the stranger said she would like accommodations. Since the reply was favorable, the applicant decided to put up there. She said her stay would be short, but although she was asked the cause of her coming and other questions, she proved close mouthed and gave no satisfactory answers. An hour later Mr. Dollittle was walking down a road leading to some property he had pre-empted when he met Cyrus Atkins driving his cattle home.

"See anything," asked Cyrus, "of a good lookin' woman drivin' into town in a buggy?"

"Yes."

"Where did she put up?"

"She was goin' to put up at the tavern, but I tuk her to Mrs. Green's."

"What had you to do with where she put up?"

"What's that to you?"

"A good deal. I'm the first man to see her comin' into town, and if she's goin' to settle here I've got the first claim on her."

"You don't reckon she'd have sich a red headed, slab sided teller as you, do you?"

"I don't propose to give way to a freckled, bowlegged chap like you."

Both men put their hands to their hips, but at the moment Antonio Thibadeaux, who had come from Louisiana, passed by and inquired the cause of the dispute. When duly informed that a new and comely woman had come to town and each of the men proposed to claim her in marriage, Thibadeaux said to them:

"This town ought to be above gunplay in the streets by this time. Yo' no'the'a men are mighty uncivilized in such affairs anyhow. If you two men want to fight about a lady, why don't you do it in a fashion that would do honor to her instead o' mixin' her up in a common shootin' match?"

The rivals were evidently impressed with this view of the case and asked how "them gentlemenly fights" were conducted. Thibadeaux said that he had participated in several, both as principal and second. If they desired it he would be happy to manage a meeting for them.

"Yo' see," he added, "if the lady hears that you have had a street fight about her she'll turn you both down. But if she hears that you have fought for her in a gentlemanly way she'll be much flattered, and the man that wins will have a toffable good show."

This settled the matter. Mr. Thibadeaux took charge of the affair entirely, making all necessary arrangements, providing a second for each principal and sending to a neighboring town for a "sawbones." The time appointed was the next morning at 7 o'clock, the place to be where Cy Atkins had met the subject of the dispute. Mr. Thibadeaux said that in Louisiana, where he had picked up his knowledge of the code, it was considered bad taste to talk about such affairs, and they were usually kept secret. In this way a vulgar crowd was avoided, and if the fight was about a lady it was deemed more respectful to her.

A bit of gunplay in the street would not have necessarily called together a crowd, but such a novelty as a duel was sure to do so. It did not get out in Shakedown City that an affair according to the code, arranged by a prominent Louisiana duelist, was to take place, until late the night before the meeting. Consequently the lady who was to be fought for went to bed oblivious to the fact that two men were to meet the next morning at 7 o'clock in mortal combat to decide which should give way to the other in an effort to obtain her favor. Indeed, having looked over Shakedown City and not being pleased with it, she had determined to make an early start the next morning for the place from which she had come.

The secret of the duel was divulged by one of the seconds at the Golden Eagle saloon about midnight, and most of those present organized a small game to last till morning with the intention of adjourning from the sitting to the dueling ground to witness a real high toned shooting match as practiced in the state of Louisiana. Such an affair had never been known in Shakedown, and, though the citizens had heard of the code duello, their knowledge of it was very hazy.

About half past 6 each principal in the coming affair, attended by his second, left his residence and proceeded to the ground. The master of ceremonies was accompanied by the surgeon, a recent medical graduate, who had gone west to establish a practice, but had never seen a gunshot wound in his life. At the same time a crowd emerged from the Golden Eagle saloon and tramped down the road. Arrived at the appointed spot, Mr. Thibadeaux marked off the ground, taking care that neither of the disputants was placed so that the sun would shine in his eyes. He made the distance thirty paces, which, he said, was usual in such affairs. Each man was handed a revolver that had passed inspection by both seconds and stood ready for the signal to fire. Mr. Thibadeaux said that dropping a handkerchief was the most approved method. But there were very few handkerchiefs in the party and they so soiled as not to be surely distinguished by the principals. Therefore it was decided to drop a hat.

Meanwhile a horse and buggy was seen emerging from the town, and just as the seconds banded the principals their weapons the vehicle drew up in the road beside the battleground.

"What's goin' on?" asked a woman who was driving.

Mr. Thibadeaux, lifting his sombrero, advanced to her and explained that a duel was about to be fought about a woman.

"What woman?"

"One that came to town yesterday, ma'am."

"Well, what has she got to do with it?"

The matter was briefly explained to her.

During the conversation the principals stood looking at the lady, recognizing her as the person about whom they had quarreled. The crowd, too, turned their faces from the disputants and gaped at her.

"See here, you galoots over there," she called. "You don't want to fight about me. I got a husband and three children. And if I was single I wouldn't marry either of you. My husband's sick, and Hilton, where we live, is run down. I come over here to see if there was a better chance to make a livin'."

"I wouldn't live in the town if you'd give it to me, and I wouldn't marry any man in it if I was single. So there! Git up, Sal."

And, giving her horse the whip, she passed on down the road.

The duel was called off, all adjourning to the Gold Eagle saloon, where the principals shook hands and called on all present to nominate their plzen.

Then Mr. Thibadeaux, calling the crowd's attention by an aben! said:

"Gents, I move that a committee be appointed to go to Hilton and represent to the lady the advantages of this place, which she has turned down, and assure her that if she will remove here with her family she will be taken care of. Since the committee must be provided with funds, I propose a collection."

The proposition resulted in the removal of the family named to Shakedown City, where they were provided for till the husband recovered his health and in time became a prominent citizen of the town.

The presence in Shakedown City of the lady, her husband and her children was a subject for ridicule of her townsmen, and they left the town.

SOME GOLF TERMS.

Taken From the Dictionary of a disgruntled Player.

Bunker—A protuberance on the face of nature rising up out of the side of a sandy depression, designed to ruin the pleasure of golf, to test the patience of the player and to serve as an inspiration for philologists, amateur and professional, in the making of new and original contributions to the world's stores of profane speech.

Luck—The good play of your competitor and the bad play of yourself.

Driver—A contrivance consisting of a long, flexible shaft, at the end of which is affixed a wooden head of the thickness of that of a rural detective, designed to propel a golf ball into the nearest difficulty within reach at a single stroke, whereby the irritation of the player and the disabilities of the spectators may be materially enhanced.

Tee—An elevated bit of earth upon which golfers are expected to stand and make an exhibition of themselves for the delectation of passersby.

Ball—A small white object, sometimes spheroidal in shape, manufactured and sold in large quantities at a high price, for the purpose of being lost in long grass or on side bets at so much per hole, according to the sporting proclivities of the bettors.—Life.

ZULU ELEPHANTS ALL GONE.

Not One Left in the Land That Used to Be Their Paradise.

There is not a single elephant left in the whole of Zululand, a country that was once a veritable paradise for the ponderous animals. The last of them, once a mighty creature, was found dead some time ago on a farm on the banks of the Umfolozi river, where he had lived since the early part of the reign of the great Chief Cetewayo.

An immense herd once roamed the Dugugugu forest and along the Umfolozi, but it was diminished by incessant hunting until Cetewayo one day finally drove it away forever. The chief used to make medicine of certain portions of their bodies.

On the occasion referred to he organized a mighty drive in which two elephants were killed and many wounded. One of the latter turned and trampled one of his pursuers to a pulp. It was this animal, which was captured then, whose death marked the vanishing of the animals from the country. The remainder of the herd broke away, and thereafter none of them was seen again in Zululand.—New York Times.

Genuine Sardines.

Genuine sardines are the young of the pilchard. Their name comes from the fact that they are most numerous off the coast of Sardinia. They swim in the spring in shoals containing millions—fish shaped shoals ten miles long and a half mile wide. The sardines are netted and taken at once to the shore. There they are washed, scraped and sprinkled with salt. The salt is soon removed, the heads and gills cut off and there is another washing. Then, on beds of green brush, the fish are dried in the sun. Next they are boiled in olive oil till cooked thoroughly. The packers—women always—take them now and pack them in the tin boxes we all know, filling up each box with boiling oil, fitting on the lid and making the box air tight by soldering the joints together with a jet of hot steam.

A Seat in Parliament.

Lord Chesterfield in 1767 lamented the increased price of seats in the British parliament. There was a boom in trade, and prices went up. Chesterfield was ambitious for his son, and when Chatham's promise of a seat came to nothing he went marketing. And he failed to find a single bargain.

"I spoke to a borough jobber," he wrote to his son, "and offered five and twenty hundred pounds for a secure seat in parliament, but he laughed at my offer and said there was no such thing as a borough to be had now, for the rich East and West Indians had secured them all at the rate of £3,000 at least, but many at £4,000 and two or three that he knew at £5,000. This, I confess, has vexed me a good deal."

Learning His Lesson.

The man whose house was next door was scraping an acquaintance with the man who had just moved in.

"I see you have an automobile," he said. "I suppose you will use the barn as a garage."

"Yes; I expect to use it as a garahzh," responded the new neighbor.

This held him for a minute or two, and then he made another overture.

"The man that lived here last year," he said, "used his back yard as a cat-bahzh patch."—Pittsburgh Times.

Starting Information.

Dear Ed—The menu in one of our leading hostilities states, "Our suckling pigs are strictly milk fed," which is an important piece of news to me, for I was always under the impression that suckling pigs were brought up on maple sirup. C. M. S.—Detroit Free Press.

After a Big Haul.

"Binks used to be daft on the subject of buried treasure. What's he up to now?"

"He's got up an expedition to Asia Minor to try to find the place where Methusalem stored his birthday presents."

The Exchange.

"Pa, what is the Stock Exchange?"

"The Stock Exchange, my son, is a place where a man is apt to exchange a stock of money for a stock of experience."—Boston Transcript.

Failures are with heroic minds

stepping stones to success.—Halliburton.

Joseph Hippensteel, a laborer in the stone quarries at Bittinger's Station who resides near New Chester, was the victim of a hold up on a recent evening. On his way home he met two men who asked for a ride, he took them in and when they came to the covered bridge near New Chester they attacked him, robbed him of his money and threw him down an embankment where he lay unconscious for a time.

Traveling Man's Experience.

"In the summer of 1888 I had a very severe attack of cholera morbus. Two physicians worked over me from four a. m. to 6 p. m. without giving me any relief and then told me they did not expect me to live; that I had best telegraph for my family. Instead of doing so, I gave the hotel porter fifty cents and told him to buy me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and take no substitute. I took a double dose according to the directions and went to sleep after the second dose. At five o'clock the next morning I was called by my order and took a train for my next stopping point, a well man but feeling rather shaky from the severity of the attack," writes H. W. Ireland, Louisville, Ky. Obtainable everywhere.

Advertisement.

While working along the York pike C. K. Forry happened upon a blacksnake 6 feet 3 inches in length, which was in the act of devouring a garter snake 2 feet 6 inches in length, having already swallowed about half of the latter.

Advertisement.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Advertisement.

Saturday, July 29, is the date fixed for the annual Buchanan Valley picnic, and the Arendtsville Band has been engaged to furnish the music for the occasion. The plans include many different forms of amusement and a good time for all.

Safeguard Your Child.

If your child is pale, dull, at times flushed, irritable and fretful you should attend to this condition at once as the chances are your little one is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Kiellr is what you should get. This well known remedy in lozenge form is pleasant to take and expels the worms at once, the cause of your child's suffering. Only 25c. at all druggists.

Lloyd Kuhn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kuhn of near Abbottstown,

who had his leg crushed on June 2 when his horses ran off while he was working a sulky cultivator is again a patient in the York Hospital where his left leg was amputated on Monday. This is the third operation and was deemed necessary after two attempts to wire the bones together had failed.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

Floyd Stavelv of Littlestown, foreman in a silk mill in Hanover, sustained a three inch laceration across his right wrist when a large bottle which he was putting in an ice cooler slipped out of his hand and broke against a radiator. Four arteries and a number of tendons were severed.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation,—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulents (25c per box) act directly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.

Advertisement.

Miss Ethel Baschoar of Littlestown, a graduate of Gettysburg College in the class of 1916, has been elected to teach history and English at the Moundsville High School, Moundsville, W. Va.

Cheapest accident insurance.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it, 25c. and 50c.

Advertisement.

The annual anniversary of the Hoffman Orphanage will be held at the Orphanage near Littlestown on Thursday, July 27th. The Reformed congregations of the county will be well represented and the bazaar will be conducted by the members of the Missionary Society of Trinity Church of York.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

John Guise of Heidlersburg injured his foot in a peculiar way one day recently. He took off his shoes in order to wade across Oppossom Creek after some cows and tramped on a broken lamp chimney which had been thrown in the water, cutting his foot very badly.

Hot weather. Little clothing. Plenty of water inside and out. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. Babies don't get sick.

Advertisement.

The State Rural Letter Carriers' Association will be entertained in York next year, 1917, according to the decision of the recent convention at Wilkes-Barre. Cletus Stambaugh of York was elected delegate to the National Convention which will be held in Chicago.

Look out for hot days.—Cholera Infantum. Don't worry—use Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. 25c. Sample free.

Advertisement.

Will Sloan's Liniment Relieve Pain?

Try it and see—one application will prove more than a column of claims. James' S. Ferguson, Phila., Pa., writes: "I have had wonderful relief since I used Sloan's Liniment on my knees. To think after all these years of pain one application gave me relief. Many thanks for what your remedy has done for me." Don't keep on suffering, apply Sloan's Liniment where your pain is and notice how quick you get relief. Penetrates without rubbing. Buy it at any Drug Store. 25c.

The Adams Co. Preserving Co. of York Springs has leased the Idaville warehouse for a term of years and are busy making extensive improvements to the same. They will use this building as a storage and shipping point for their canned goods produced at York Springs.

Help for Those Who Have Stomach Trouble.

After doctoring for about twelve years for a bad stomach trouble and spending nearly five hundred dollars for medicine and doctor's fees, I purchased my wife one box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which did her so much good that she continued to use them and they have done her more good than all of the medicine I bought before.—Samuel Boyer, Folsom, Iowa. This medicine is for sale by The People's Drug Store. Samples free.

Advertisement.

Miss Regina Sneeringer has been seriously ill at her home in Irish-town suffering with rheumatism.

Your Bowels Should Move Once a Day.

A free easy movement of the bowels every day is a sign of good health. Dr. King's New Life Pills will give you a gentle laxative effect without griping and free your system of blood poisons, purify your blood, overcome constipation and have an excellent tonic effect on the entire system. Makes you feel like living. Only 25c. at druggists.

Samuel Hoover of Hamilton township

has purchased from A. P. Weigle his home in Qualityville, York county, for \$1800 and will move there in the spring.

Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted for over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buiford, N. D. I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Obtainable everywhere.

Advertisement.

While returning from a baseball game at Chambersburg, Lewis Ramer, proprietor of the Hotel O'Bold, Hanover, had the hub caps of his machine knocked off and a fender bent in a collision near McKnightstown. No one was hurt.

Benefitted by Chamberlain's Liniment.

"Last winter I used Chamberlain's Liniment for rheumatic pains, stiffness and soreness of the knees, and can conscientiously say that I never used anything that did me so much good."—Edward Craft, Elba, N. Y.

Advertisement.

Hayes B. Fair & Co., New Oxford, have been awarded the contract by County Commissioners for placing a galvanized roof on the Swift Run bridge on the New Chester road and on the bridge crossing the Conewago Creek near Mount Rock.

Twenty-five Cents is the Price of Peace.

The terrible itching and smarting, incident to certain skin diseases, is almost instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Salve. Price 25c. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

Advertisement.

Three valuable cows owned by Christian Deardorff were struck by lightning during the heavy storm last Thursday. The cows were in pasture and were found lying close together along the wire fence.

Beauty More than Skin Deep.

A beautiful woman always has good digestion. If your digestion is faulty, Chamberlain's Tablets will do you good. Obtainable everywhere.

Advertisement.

Harvey Flickinger, a farmer of near Kohler's school house, Mt. Pleasant township, had two of his fingers badly crushed by having them caught in some part of a binder.

Feel languid, weak, run down? Headache? Stomach "off"? A good remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters. Ask your druggist. Price \$1.00.

Advertisement.

When W. Harry Spangler of Cumberland township attempted to put a pole between two of his horses that were fighting in the stall, the one animal kicked striking Mr. Spangler on the leg and breaking it between the knee and the ankle.

For any itchiness of the skin, for skin rashes, chap, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 50c. at all drug stores.

Advertisement.

Allen Timmins, a member of a firm of real estate brokers of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, has been spending the past week in McSherrystown, his former home. This is his first visit home in fifteen years.

RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Neuritis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatoid Arthritis or Gout, no matter how severe your case is, write for my FREE book, Frederick Douglass, M. D., Dept. M. S., 372 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

Advertisement.

Robert Sadler who moved from York Springs to Carlisle last spring was injured while working at the Carlisle Frog and Switch Works one day last week, when a piece of flying steel struck him in the face. One eye was so badly injured that it had to be removed and he is now in the Wills Eye Hospital, Philadelphia, where an effort is being made to save the other eye.

DUFF'S Molasses

In sealed sanitary cans. Finest for table use and baking. Ask your grocer for it. Send postal card for booklet of Prize Recipes to P. DUFF & SONS

920 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

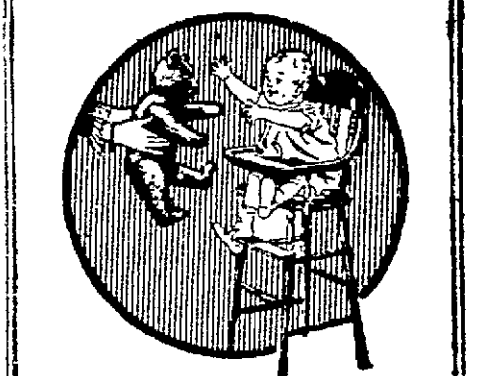
Coughs Kill If You Let Them.

Instead kill your Cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It heals Irritated Throat and Lungs. Thousands in last 40 years benefited by

Dr. King's New Discovery

Money Back If It Fails

All Druggists 50c. and \$1.00



"Goo-oo! Ah-ah!" Delighted!

A CUTE little fuzzy-wuzzy teddy bear or a high chair—will bring the light of joy to the eyes of 'most any tot. Save 24¢ Green Stamps and get them in the Premium Parlor Without a Cent of Cost.

We give at least one 24¢ Stamp FREE with each 10¢ of your cash purchase. SAVE THEM!

Get